

OVER 500,000 MEN IN FRANCE BAKER STATES

EXACT FIGURES, HOWEVER, KEPT STRICT SECRET

Each Man Has Been Fully Equipped Before Leaving America

SEC. GUARDS REMARKS

Declares Production of Browning Machine Gun Is Moving Forward With Rapidity

WATCHING EFFECT ON TEUTONS

How They Take Secretary's Statement Will Interest Officials of the Allies

Washington, D. C., May 8.—More than half a million American soldiers have been sent to France. Secretary Baker today authorized the statement that his forecast to congress in January that 500,000 troops would be dispatched to France early in the present year now had been surpassed. Mr. Baker dictated the following statement:

"In January I told the senate committee that there was strong likelihood that early in the present year 500,000 American troops would be dispatched to France. I cannot either now or perhaps later discuss the number of American troops in France, but I am glad to be able to say that the forecast I made in January has been surpassed."

No Machine Gun Shortage.

As a result of a personal investigation of machine gun production during the past few days the Secretary announced there is no present shortage of light or heavy types of these weapons either in France or America, and no shortage is in prospect.

Mr. Baker said there had been no question brought up as to the supply of light type Browning guns, which were coming forward in quantities. He would not say whether shipment of these guns to France had been started. As to the heavy Brownings, he said:

"Early manufacturer's estimates as to the production of the heavy type, perhaps were more optimistic than was justified. The estimate of the ordnance department in January has been met and is being met. Some of these heavy guns have been produced and there is every indication of forthcoming production in increasing substantial numbers."

The secretary chose his words about the troops in France with the utmost care. He would not amplify the statement in any way and specifically asked that the press refrain from speculation as to what precise figures his guarded remarks covered or as to what possibilities of early further increase in the force on the other side there might be.

There has been repeated official announcements, however, that the government is sending every energy in rushing men across to back up the Allied lines in France and officers directly in charge of the transportation have expressed satisfaction with the progress being made. There is no doubt that the present force of American troops there represent only a small part of the total strength that will be available for employment by General Foch before the summer's fighting ends.

Every Man Fully Equipped.

There are indications, too, that the War department has adhered strictly to its policy of equipping fully before departure every man that is sent across. That is the first consideration in checking off supplies of clothing and arms.

Mr. Baker's recent study of the War department's program was founded on his desire to see just what the situation was in this slowest element of the war preparations.

Today's statement regarding the movement to France is the first official utterance made during the War department's recent study of the situation. It indirectly indicates the number of men sent abroad. The first force to go over was never described except as a division, although as a matter of fact it was constituted in two divisions soon after its arrival on the other side. The fact that more than 500,000 have gone this year also shows the accelerated rate at which the men have been moving forward since the winter passed.

The effect of Mr. Baker's announcement in Germany and Austria, if it is allowed to reach these countries, will be watched with interest. There is little doubt that the German general staff has known that some hundreds of thousands of men have been sent across by the United States, but the size of the force has been carefully kept from the rank and file of the army, as well as from the civilian population.

Belief Expressed Kaiser Now Is Raving Maniac

Washington, D. C., May 8.—It would not surprise the State department to learn that Kaiser Wilhelm is a raving maniac, confined in an asylum.

It has been known in inside circles for some time that the German ruler has been suffering from all symptoms of incipient insanity, and the strain under which he has been laboring during the war has aggravated his trouble.

This insanity stuff is not brought forward as a joke. It is a fact that alienists and other medical men in this country are just beginning to get authentic wind of.

Reports have been received lately that the Kaiser has become obsessed with the notion that he has a "divine mission to save humanity."

His religious mania has been much accentuated.

DRAFTING MEN UP TO 40 NOW POSSIBILITY

House Military Committee Discusses Legislation With General Crowder

Washington, D. C., May 8.—Legislation raising the draft age to 40 years was discussed as a possibility within a few months at a meeting today by Provost Marshal General Crowder and the house military committee. Although Gen. Crowder made no specific recommendations members of the committee said afterwards that the war department was considering a plan for change.

An appropriation of \$15,762,000 was asked by Gen. Crowder for expenses of the draft for the next fiscal year. Registration of men reaching the age of 21 will require the examination, he said, of half a million more men than originally provided for. Class 1, the general said, now has a total of about 2,265,000 men, of which 2,000,000 are effective.

Chairman Dent of the committee, announced today that he would ask the house to eliminate from the draft legislation pending an amendment giving states credit for volunteers. In a letter to Mr. Dent, President Wilson today came out in opposition to the credit plan and asked that the measure be passed as approved by the war department.

The conference report on the bill for registration of youths becoming 21 will be called up in the house tomorrow with prospects of a lively debate over the proposal to exempt ministers from the law.

UTICA IS BANNER CITY FOR LOAN SUBSCRIBERS

With 36,740 Bond Buyers City Has Greater Percentage Than Any Town of Its Size

New York, May 8.—Utica, with 35,740 subscribers to the Third Liberty Loan, obtained a greater number in proportion to population than any municipality of 50,000 or more in the country, according to a claim filed at loan headquarters here today by Richard C. Sherman, chairman of the Utica committee.

Mr. Sherman said that 45.5 percent of the population had subscribed, whereas, he asserted, Toledo, Ohio, which claimed the greatest number of subscribers, had a percentage of only 42. Mr. Sherman also claimed first honors for Utica in per capita subscriptions.

E. E. Loomis, president of the Lehigh Valley railroad, announced today that 21,915 employees of the road, or 52.2 percent, had subscribed \$1,445,700. All the 17,555 employees of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, of which Mr. Loomis is also president, subscribed \$247,500, he said.

TO SEIZE \$200,000,000 FROM HUNS

Washington, D. C., May 8.—Allen Property Custodian Palmer reported to the house appropriations committee that German property in the United States still to be taken over will total \$200,000,000. On that basis, he said, from \$70,000,000 to \$90,000,000 worth of enemy property will have been seized within the next two or three months.

About three-fourths of the property taken over was seized in New York.

U. S. LOCOMOTIVES IN FRANCE

Paris, France, May 8.—On railway lines in France 245 large type American locomotives are now in operation. They were brought to France in cars and set up in the army machine shops. Likewise, 514 American freight cars of thirty tons capacity each have been set up and 700 more are being assembled, while another 700 are on the way. The ordinary freight car of France is of the ten ton type.

OUR HEAVY GUNS FIRE FOR FIRST TIME UPON HUNS

Forty Big Shells Sent Into Montesk and on German Batteries

GERMAN-AMERICAN SPY

Captured, While Dressed in Officer's Uniform and Aiding Hun Prisoner to Escape

YANKS SHOW GREAT ENTERPRISE

Letter Found on Body of Dead Boche Discloses Accurate Fire of American Guns

(By the Associated Press.)

With the American Army in France, May 8.—American heavy artillery was fired today for the first time in the sector northwest of Toul. After several weeks spent in preparation the American artillerymen, having picked out targets in the rear of Montesk, reported that they were ready to open fire a couple of days ago, but for reasons not disclosed the guns were not fired until today.

About 40 big shells were sent over Montesk and the heavy German batteries, composed of 20's captured from the Russians, which had been firing for some time, especially at the American battery positions.

Our Positions Daily Grow Better.

Every day the American positions become stronger. Apparently they are better than the Germans.

Despite the enemy's heavy expenditure in gas, he has obtained no advantage in this sector, the Americans discounting his every move. The weather has been unsettled for several days preventing much infantry activity. There have been some aerial activities.

One of the American patrols last night encountered an enemy patroling party. They attacked the party, but later retired owing to the superior numbers of the Teutons.

There was no aerial activity today as it was raining heavily.

American Fire Effective.

A letter freshly written, found on the body of a German killed by the Americans in Picardy, discloses the effectiveness of the American fire against the enemy and the difficulties the Germans are having in bringing up supplies.

"Here we live in a village which has been completely demolished by the American fire. The village is near Montedider.

"We cannot show ourselves. We live in the cellar. We have to go and get our food at night. Last night I went out with a detail, which brought back food."

"We got a direct hit. A shell hit our party which killed one man and wounded several. I hope we shall soon be taken from the western front."

German American Spy Caught.

The first German American to be caught spying on the Americans is safely in custody.

Behind the characterization of traitor to his country contained in the report of his arrest is the story that he aided a German prisoner to escape.

Both men, named American officers' uniforms and entered the line from the rear in the late afternoon. They said they were studying the ground between the lines with a view to using tanks and asked to be allowed to cross the lines. The officers to whom they made the request soon discovered the ruse and ordered them escorted to the rear. There it was found that one of the men was a German and that the German American was his accomplice.

Reports received from all the fronts on which the Americans are engaged, with the exception of Picardy, said that quiet prevailed tonight, principally because of the bad weather.

U. S. Troops Show Audacity.

(By the Associated Press.)
With the American Forces on the French Front, Tuesday night, May 7.—The official French report of the patrol action in which American troops in the Lorraine sector of the battle front carried out a brilliant little operation on May 5 in the vicinity of the hamlet of Anservillers, shows the wonderfully enterprising spirit of the American troops. The report says the Americans whose activity never relaxes and whose audacity is remarkable, wanted to see what the Germans opposite them were doing.

STIELOW FOUND NOT GUILTY OF DOUBLE MURDER

Whitman Lessens Sentence on Findings of Commission

TO GET HIS FREEDOM

Execution Stayed Three Times; Give Life Imprisonment For Death of Man and Woman

DECISION ALSO AFFECTS GREEN

Investigator Reports Erwin King Has Made Full Confession Implicating O'Connell

(By the Associated Press.)

Albany, May 8.—Charles F. Stielow, whose execution for a double murder in Orleans county in 1915, was three times stayed by executive and court orders and whose death sentence was later commuted to imprisonment for life, was today declared not guilty of the crime by the special committee appointed by Governor Whitman to investigate the case.

Gov. Whitman announced that he had commuted the life sentence of Stielow and also the sentence of Nelson I. Green, a brother-in-law of Stielow, who was also implicated in the case and who was sentenced to serve a term of 20 years in prison. Both men will be given their freedom within a few days. Stielow is now in prison at Sing Sing and Green at Auburn prison.

Based on Investigator's Report.

George H. Bond of Syracuse, who at the request of Gov. Whitman was appointed a special deputy attorney general for the purpose of conducting the investigation reported that he was fully convinced that Charles B. Phelps and Margaret Walcott, two persons slain, did not meet their death at the hands of either Stielow or Green, nor did they have guilty knowledge of the crime. On the other hand the special investigator reported that he was strongly convinced that the fatal bullets were fired by Clarence F. O'Connell a convict at Auburn and that Erwin King who had previously confessed and later repudiated the confession aided him in the commission of the murder.

Gov. Whitman, in a statement issued tonight, said:

"After careful study of Mr. Bond's report and after mature reflection I have reached the conclusion that had the evidence which Mr. Bond has developed, been presented at the trial court at the time Stielow was tried, such evidence would necessarily have resulted in a direction for the defendant by the jury for his acquittal. In other words the character of the new evidence that at least a reasonable doubt of Stielow's guilt would have been created in the minds of the members of the jury."

"Believing as I do and there being no provisions of law under which a new trial can now be had I have reached the conclusion that it is my duty to commute Stielow's sentence and permit his discharge from custody."

King Has Made Full Confession.

According to investigator Bond's report, Erwin King has now made a full confession implicating himself and Clarence O'Connell and that he was arraigned before Justice Wesley C. Dudley, charged with the murder. It was stated that King desired to plead guilty and be sentenced, but that the justice in accordance with the law directed that a plea of not guilty be entered and that the evidence be submitted to a grand jury of Orleans county. That a prima facie case of murder against King and O'Connell was submitted, but that the jury had failed to cast enough votes to secure an indictment, was stated in the report. It was also said that local sentiment was still firm in the belief that Stielow was guilty.

Charles Phelps, aged 70, and his bookkeeper, Margaret Walcott, aged 50, were slain at their home at West Shelby, Orleans county, on the night of March 21, 1915. The motive charged was robbery. Green was charged with having been an active accessory, and upon the night of Stielow's conviction upon the advice of counsel entered a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree. Stielow's conviction was affirmed by the court of appeals and later Gov. Whitman granted several respites on application of counsel and persons who had become interested in the case. Three applications for a new trial were denied by supreme court justices.

American Brings Down His Seventh Hun Plane

Washington, D. C., May 8.—Sergeant L. Baileys of New Bedford, Mass., an American flier in France, has brought down seven German airplanes within the last two months said an official dispatch today from France.

R. R. INCREASE OF 15 PER CENT RECOMMENDED

Affects Those Earning \$250 Month or Less Since December, '15

MCADOO TO CONSIDER

Workers Would Be Given Back Pay to January 1 Last; Adds \$288,013,718 to Payroll

FLAT INCREASES ARE PROPOSED

\$20 a Month For Those Getting \$40 and Less and Up to \$239 43 Per Cent to 4.6 Per Cent

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, D. C., May 8.—All railroad employees, whose monthly pay in December, 1915, was less than \$250 a month have been recommended for wage increases by the wage commission.

The recommendations, if adopted by Director General McAdoo, would give the workers \$100,000,000 in back pay to January 1, and would add \$288,013,718 to the payroll as of 1917, an increase of 15.21 per cent.

Wage advances proposed, however, do not represent net increases over existing pay, but are based upon the month of December, 1915. In other words, any increases which may have been allowed by individual roads since that time must be deducted. In some cases deductions will almost, if not altogether cover the increases suggested according to the report. The roads themselves during 1916 and 1917 increased wages an amount equivalent to \$350,000, if applied to the present number of their employees.

"As to those who have received such increases," the report says, "we advise no other course than that the scale be adhered to for it has its foundation in principle and not in the compelling force of any unusual competition. In no event, however, should there be any reduction in the wages from those now obtaining."

Flat Increases Recommended.

"The railroads must, however, maintain their complement of workers and if by meeting fairly as here the needs of the time this end cannot be secured. There must be allowed play for other forces than those which we have recognized."

Flat increases of \$20 a month are proposed for all employees except apprentices receiving \$40 or less and all others up to \$239 would get advances ranging from 43 per cent downward to 4.6 per cent. The smallest increases going to those with the highest wages. Above to \$239 flat increases would be given to make the wage \$250. Apprentices from 18 to 21 years of age would receive only three-fourths of the recommended increases and those below 18 years, one-half.

In the application of the scale the wage runs with the place so that men who have been promoted since December, 1915, shall receive increases applicable to the new place and not to their wages at that month. Men discharged since January 1, shall receive their share of the retroactive pay to the time that they worked.

Mr. McAdoo is studying the report, which was made public tonight, and will decide what increases shall be allowed, probably within ten days. It is considered certain that he will not adopt in full the commission's recommendations, but will make readjustments which he believes to be necessary by the intricacies of union wage scales and other wage factors.

McAdoo May Report in Ten Days

Mr. McAdoo is studying the report which was made public tonight, and will decide what increases shall be allowed, probably within ten days. It is considered certain that he will not adopt in full the commission's recommendations, but will make readjustments which he believes to be necessary by the intricacies of union wage scales and other wage factors.

An important feature of the report was the recommendation that where the same service is rendered the pay shall be the same without discrimination as to sex or race.

Overtime pay and hours of service should not be disturbed during the war, the commission reported in suggesting that an exhaustive study be made of both subjects with a view to changes to eliminate dissatisfaction and improve the service. It was recommended, however, that age, "standard day of reasonably limited length is as much a part of the measure of justice with the working man, as his rate of wage," prominent tribunals to continue the study of railroad labor problems and to adjust many grievances presented to the commission, but which it was unable to take up were proposed. With the comment that its inquiry showed substantial readjustment of the salaries of railroad officials.

HUNS MAKE MINOR GAINS NEAR YPRES

INFANTRY OPENS ATTACK, BUT IN SMALL STRENGTH

Germans Penetrate Line Between Voormezele and Ridge Wood

MAY PRESAGE BIG DRIVE

Meager Advices Give Few Details Save That Attack Was Made on Five Mile Front

MAY BE TRYING TO FLANK YPRES

Small Operations on Remainder of Front With Americans Making Good Thrusts

(By the Associated Press.)

London, England, May 8.—In an attack against the British and French lines between LaClytte and Voormezele in the Ypres sector, the Germans early this morning succeeded after heavy fighting in entering the Allied front line positions at certain points according to Field Marshal Haig's official communication issued this evening.

The communication adds that at all other points the enemy met with repulse.

Attack May Develop Larger.

London, England, May 8.—"After a heavy bombardment on a wide front in Flanders the German infantry this morning launched an attack south of Dickebusch lake, which lies between Ypres and Kemmel," says Reuters correspondent at British headquarters. "The attack apparently was only in divisional strength, but it may develop larger proportions. The enemy seems to have penetrated our front lines between the lake and Ridge Wood and some parties of Germans are reported in the eastern wood itself. The fighting continues in fine weather and under good visibility."

RUSSELLITE HEAD IS ARRESTED AS ENEMY

Charged With Violating Trading With Enemy Act and Causing Disorder in Army

(By the Associated Press.)

New York, May 8.—Joseph S. Rutherford, who was "Judge Rutherford of the New York bar," assumed leadership of the International Bible Students' association and other organizations founded by "pastor" Russell at the time of Russell's death two years ago was arrested by federal agents here today charged with violating the trading with the enemy act, and conspiring to induce insubordination and disorder among United States soldiers.

With five other leaders of the "Russellite" organizations, Rutherford was sent to jail in default of bail. They were arrested in a raid on "Bethel home" in Brooklyn, the headquarters of the Bible Students' association. The Watch Tower Tract society and other associate bodies formed ostensibly for the dissemination of the "new thought" teachings of "pastor" Russell.

Many of these doctrines were incorporated in Russell's posthumous book, "The Finished Mystery," which was one of the mediums through which the Bible Students' association leaders sought to stir up the soldiers of the nation.

Under the indictment charging violation of the trading with the enemy act Rutherford will be asked to explain why one of his organizations sent a draft for \$500 to Zurich, Switzerland, on November 7, last year which ultimately found its way to a payee in Varnum, Germany. Co-defendants named on this charge are William E. VanAmburgh and Robert J. Martin, who were taken into custody with Rutherford today and Charles C. Binkley, who has not been apprehended.

On the conspiracy indictment are named Rutherford, Van Amburgh, Martin, Giovanni de Cesena, A. Hugh McMillan and Frederick L. Robinson, arrested here today as three members of the International Bible Students' association, who were arrested at Scranton, Pa., recently.

It is understood an attempt will be made to make the prosecution of the leaders in custody today a test case to avoid the necessity of similar proceedings throughout the country, where the objectionable pamphlets and periodicals were circulated.

Assistant District Attorney Bunker

Assistant District Attorney Bunker indicated the government suspects that slackers joined the International Bible Students' association as candidates for the ministry to attempt to escape military service.

The men were admitted to bail tonight, John G. Stevens, to whom the trustees of the association transferred the Bethel home, qualified in the sum of \$50,000.

INFANTRY OPENS ATTACK, BUT IN SMALL STRENGTH

Germans Penetrate Line Between Voormezele and Ridge Wood

MAY PRESAGE BIG DRIVE

Meager Advices Give Few Details Save That Attack Was Made on Five Mile Front

MAY BE TRYING TO FLANK YPRES

Small Operations on Remainder of Front With Americans Making Good Thrusts

(By the Associated Press.)

London, England, May 8.—In an attack against the British and French lines between LaClytte and Voormezele in the Ypres sector, the Germans early this morning succeeded after heavy fighting in entering the Allied front line positions at certain points according to Field Marshal Haig's official communication issued this evening.

The communication adds that at all other points the enemy met with repulse.

Attack May Develop Larger.

London, England, May 8.—"After a heavy bombardment on a wide front in Flanders the German infantry this morning launched an attack south of Dickebusch lake, which lies between Ypres and Kemmel," says Reuters correspondent at British headquarters. "The attack apparently was only in divisional strength, but it may develop larger proportions. The enemy seems to have penetrated our front lines between the lake and Ridge Wood and some parties of Germans are reported in the eastern wood itself. The fighting continues in fine weather and under good visibility."

Huns Make Some Successes.

What possibly may prove to be the prelude to the long expected resumption of hostilities by the Germans on the western front is being essayed.

Southeast of Ypres, from the region of Voormezele to LaClytte, the Germans have launched an attack against the British and French troops holding the line and at certain points over the five mile battle front they have met with some success by penetrating front line trenches. Apparently, however, over the greater part of the field of combat they met with repulse.

As is usual, the enemy began the attack after a heavy preliminary bombardment. The ground gained is south of Dickebusch lake and Ridge Wood, around which places hard fighting was continuing at last accounts.

The objective of the enemy seems to be the pushing forward of his line in this region in order still further to outflank Ypres on the southwest and press on toward Poperinghe and the railway line running between that town and Ypres.

Big Guns Busy in Flanders.

As yet only meager advices have come to say the nature of the engagement, but unofficial reports indicate that it was made only in divisional strength. Whether it would develop later into another of the great battles that have been fought in this area could not be foretold.

On the remainder of the front in Flanders and Picardy artillery duels and small operations continue on isolated sectors. The French south of LaClytte have penetrated German advanced positions and taken prisoners and the Australians east of Amiens have again pinched in and taken over portions of the German line. The artillery activity has been particularly heavy on both banks of the Avre southeast of Amiens and on the sector in Picardy held by the American troops. On the Toul sector the Americans for the first time have opened against the Germans with their heavy artillery.

On the other battle fronts the operations continue of a minor character. In Mesopotamia the British have advanced their lines to within 50 miles of Mosul, capturing the town of Kerkuk, which the Turks evacuated without giving battle.

HUGE WRIST WATCH ORDER

Paris, France, May 8.—An order for 100,000 wrist watches and 100,000 radio compasses for the officers of the American army are among the unexpected requests that have come to the American supply department. These new implements of war are being rapidly assembled from Swiss and other European stocks.

BASEBALL RESULTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE

BOSTON TRIMS BROOKLYN,
Braves Come Up From Behind and Win in Last Stanza.
Boston, Mass., May 8.—Boston came from behind today and beat Brooklyn in the ninth 4 to 3.
R H E
Brooklyn .. 010100001—3 8 6
Boston .. 000101002—4 3 3
Batteries—Coombs and M. Wheat; Neff and Wilson.

GIANTS ARE INVINCIBLE

New York Again Defeats Philadelphia by Close Score.
New York, May 8.—New York again defeated Philadelphia here today 3 to 2.
Philadelphia 000000011—2 3 3
New York .. 000000010—3 6 3
Batteries—Prendergast, Tincup, and E. Burns; Ferritt and Harden.

CHICAGO TURNS THE TABLES

Hit Pirate Pitchers Hard and Win by Good Margin.
Pittsburg, Pa., May 8.—Hitting two Pittsburg pitchers hard Chicago won today's game 8 to 1.
Pittsburg .. 000000001—1 5 3
Chicago .. 202010200—8 11 1
Batteries—Tyler and Kilfiter; O'Farrell, Cooper, Steele and Archer.

BATTING BEE IN THE NINTH

Cincinnati Makes Nine Runs in Ninth and Defeats St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., May 8.—Cincinnati turned the tables on St. Louis today, batting out a 9 to 5 victory in the last inning.
Cincinnati .. 000000009—9 7 2
St. Louis .. 011031000—5 8 1
Batteries—Schneider, Connelly; Regan, Eller and H. Smith, May, McDonald and Snyder.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

PERKINS DID IT

Beats New York by Driving in All Philadelphia's Runs.
Philadelphia, Pa., May 8.—Perkins beat New York here today, driving in all Philadelphia's runs. The score was 5 to 2.
New York .. 020000000—2 7 3
Philadelphia 000200030—5 10 2
Batteries—Caldwell and Hannah; Perry and Perkins.

CHICAGO BEATS CLEVELAND

By Bunching Hits, Chicago Takes Game, 9 to 5.
Chicago, Ill., May 8.—Chicago

won from Cleveland today by bunching hits.
R H E
Cleveland .. 003101000—5 7 3
Chicago .. 022020020—9 13 1
Batteries—Coombs, Enzman, Co-velski and O'Neill; Crotte, Danforth, Shellenbach, C. Williams and Schalk.

TIGERS LOSE TO CARDINALS.

Sapbo Sotheron Holds Detroit to Three Hits.
Detroit, Mich., May 8.—Sapbo Sotheron held Detroit to three hits this afternoon, St. Louis winning, 8-1.
St. Louis .. 102120200—8 12 1
Detroit .. 000001000—1 3 1
Batteries—Sotheron and Numa-maker; James, Fineran, Cunningham and Telle, Spencer.

BOSTON OVERWHELMED.

Washington Knocked Both Bush and Mayes Out of the Box.
Washington, D. C., May 8.—Washington overwhelmed Boston today, 14 to 4, by knocking both Bush and Mayes out of the box.
Boston .. 010210000—4 9 2
Washington 000085010—14 17 1
Batteries—Bush, Mayes, Wyckoff and Agnew; Shore, Harper and Ainsmith.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

At Newark .. 9 11 2
Syracuse .. 1 6 2
At Jersey City .. 9 13 2
Rochester .. 2 7 2
At Binghamton .. 2 10 2
Toronto .. 2 7 2
(17 innings.)
At Baltimore .. 7 9 0
Buffalo .. 3 12 1

STANDING OF TEAMS.

National League.				
Team.	W.	L.	P.C.	
New York ..	17	1	.944	
Chicago ..	12	5	.706	
Pittsburgh ..	9	8	.529	
Philadelphia ..	8	10	.444	
Cincinnati ..	9	12	.429	
St. Louis ..	7	12	.368	
Brooklyn ..	6	12	.333	
Boston ..	5	13	.278	

American League.				
Team.	W.	L.	P.C.	
Boston ..	12	8	.600	
Cleveland ..	10	8	.556	
Chicago ..	8	7	.533	
New York ..	10	9	.526	
St. Louis ..	8	9	.471	
Washington ..	8	10	.444	
Detroit ..	6	8	.429	
Philadelphia ..	7	10	.412	

A Three Months' subscription to The Star for \$1.00.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

The New York Markets.

New York, May 8.—Interest in today's stock market concentrated to an unusual extent in rails, that division, especially coalters, receiving consistent support on indications of a substantial increase of freight and passenger rates. Reading shared the honors of the session with United States steel, those two stocks absorbing a preponderant percentage of the enlarged offers though moving in opposite directions. Reading scored an extreme advance of 4 points to \$77, while steel reacted from its new maximum of 103 1/2 to 102 1/2 and closed at 103, a net loss of 1/2 of a point with an enormous volume of profit taking. Numerous secondary and low price rails including New Haven, grangers and cotton carriers participated in the general advance of transportation, and the so-called Harriman and Hill groups derive stimulations from crop prospects and better earnings. There was a marked revival of activity in shippings confined, however, to marine preferred and Atlantic Gulf at gross gains of about 2 1/2 points, while motors also strengthened on retention of the Studebaker dividend.

Independent steels and associated equipments made 1 to 2 points extensions to yesterday's rise, distillers gaining 1 1/2 and industrial alcohol 4 1/2, tobaccos and furs were recording irregular gains, with some impairment at the close.

Foreign bonds were variably better, but literary issues displayed further irregularity.

United States bonds (old issues) were unchanged on call.

New York Produce

Butter—Unsalted; re-exports 44 1/2 Creamery, higher than extras, 45 1/2; creamery extras 46, scores, 46 1/2; 100 lb. tubs, 46 1/2; 50 lb. tubs, 46 1/2; 25 lb. tubs, 46 1/2.

Eggs—Farm receipts 17 1/2; fresh gathered average packed, 18 1/2; 18 1/2; 19 1/2; 20 1/2; 21 1/2; 22 1/2; 23 1/2; 24 1/2; 25 1/2; 26 1/2; 27 1/2; 28 1/2; 29 1/2; 30 1/2; 31 1/2; 32 1/2; 33 1/2; 34 1/2; 35 1/2; 36 1/2; 37 1/2; 38 1/2; 39 1/2; 40 1/2; 41 1/2; 42 1/2; 43 1/2; 44 1/2; 45 1/2; 46 1/2; 47 1/2; 48 1/2; 49 1/2; 50 1/2; 51 1/2; 52 1/2; 53 1/2; 54 1/2; 55 1/2; 56 1/2; 57 1/2; 58 1/2; 59 1/2; 60 1/2; 61 1/2; 62 1/2; 63 1/2; 64 1/2; 65 1/2; 66 1/2; 67 1/2; 68 1/2; 69 1/2; 70 1/2; 71 1/2; 72 1/2; 73 1/2; 74 1/2; 75 1/2; 76 1/2; 77 1/2; 78 1/2; 79 1/2; 80 1/2; 81 1/2; 82 1/2; 83 1/2; 84 1/2; 85 1/2; 86 1/2; 87 1/2; 88 1/2; 89 1/2; 90 1/2; 91 1/2; 92 1/2; 93 1/2; 94 1/2; 95 1/2; 96 1/2; 97 1/2; 98 1/2; 99 1/2; 100 1/2.

Live poultry—Unsalted, prices

nominal. Dressed, quiet; chicken and fowls, unchanged; turkeys, 23 1/2.

Raw sugar—Steady; centrifugal, 6.00; fine granulated, 7 1/2.

New York Meats.

Beef, receipts 1,570; steady. Steers \$14.00@17.50; bull, \$5.50@12.00; cows, \$5.00@11.50.
Calves, receipts 3,700; weak. Veals \$11.50@15.50; culls \$10.00@11.00; grassers and skim milks \$8.00@10.00.
Sheep and lambs, receipts 2,900; steady. Wool sheep \$12.00@15.00; clipped \$15.00@17.50; spring lambs, \$25.00.
Hogs, receipts 5,050; firm at \$16.50@18.50; roughs, \$16.75.

ONEONTA MARKET.

Grain and Feed at Retail.

(Corrected by Morris Brothers.)

Salt, 140 lb. sack ..	\$1.50
Corn, kiln dried ..	\$1.56
Corn meal, table use ..	\$6.10
Corn meal, cwt. ..	\$3.45
Oats ..	\$1.02
Seed oats ..	\$1.12
Seed wheat, per bushel ..	\$3.50
Tomato ..	\$3.20

Prices Paid Producers.

Butter, fresh dairy ..	44 1/2
Butter, creamery ..	45 1/2
Eggs, fresh laid dozen ..	24 1/2
Veal, sweet milk veals ..	15 1/2
Dressed pork ..	22
Dressed beef ..	14 1/2
Veal, grain fed ..	13 1/2
Fowls, lb. ..	25
Potatoes ..	75 1/2
Apples ..	75 1/2
Maple syrup, gal. ..	\$1.55@1.45
Maple sugar, lb. ..	15 1/2

Hides.

(Quoted by Miller Hide Co.)

Cow hides ..	10
Pull hides, over 60 lbs. ..	9
Horse hides ..	\$5.50@5.00
Deer skins ..	\$1.75@2.25
Veal skins ..	\$2.50@3.50
Goats ..	10

ESCAPES FROM BANDITS.

A Prince Port, May 8.—After being captured by Chinese bandits, robbed of a fortune and hauled through the streets of China in a cage in which he was exhausted by the natives, a wild animal and from which he was rescued by a guard, W. J. Fowles, an American railway engineer, has arrived at this port tonight from the Orient to New York. He was accompanied by his wife and three children, who were in Peking during the time Fowles was held a prisoner by the bandits.

WILLARD ENGAGES A SECOND

Chicago, Ill., May 8.—"Spider" Kelly, of San Francisco, formerly a lightweight fighter and more widely known as a second and trainer of boxers, has been engaged by Jess Willard to act as trainer, adviser, and chief second for the champion in the latter's proposed battle for the title with Fred Fulton.

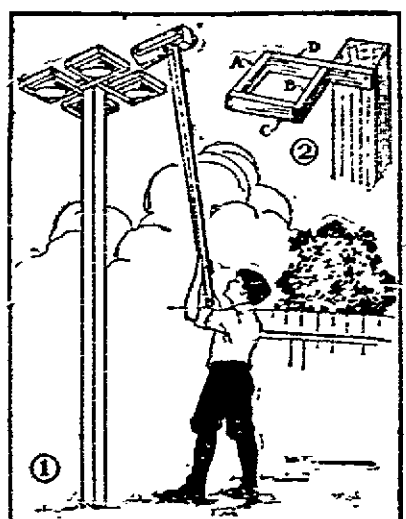
HANDICRAFT FOR BOYS

By A. NEELY HALL.
Author of "The Handy Boy," "The Boy Craftsman," "Handicraft for Handy Boys," etc.
(Copyright, by A. Neely Hall.)

BIRD BATHS.

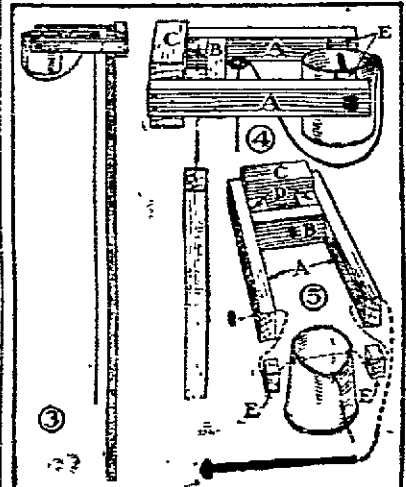
Fig. 1 illustrates a battery of four pan tubs. Get four saucers five or six inches in diameter, and make a frame for each of just the right size so the rim will rest upon the upper edges (Fig. 2). By lapping the strips as indicated, A, B and C can be cut of equal length. Strip D must be enough longer to provide for nailing the frame to the post support.

Fig. 1 shows the homemade filling device, and Figs. 3, 4 and 5, details of its construction. Side strips A of the framework are 11 inches long, 1



inch thick and 2 inches wide; and the cross blocks B and C are 4 1/2 inches long—B of the width and thickness of strips A, and C a piece of 2 by 4. This framework is to be slipped over the end of a clothespole; therefore, in assembling its parts, fasten strip B at the right distance from C so a clothespole will fit snugly between them. Cut blocks D (Fig. 5) of the proper size to make the opening of the right width for the pole.

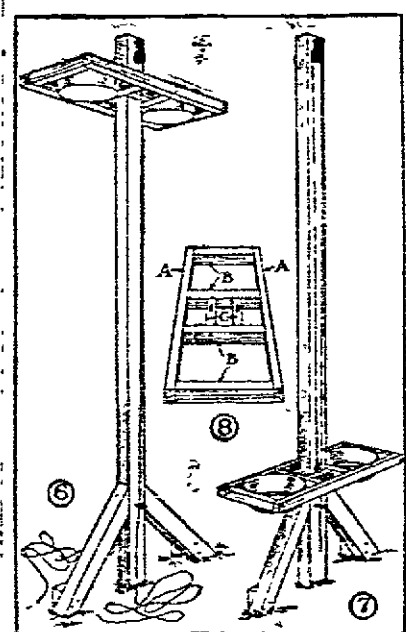
Fig. 5 shows how a can is flattened on its sides to form a spout, for the filling receptacle, and how holes are pierced through opposite sides for a carriage bolt, by which to mount the can. Bore holes of the diameter of



the bolt, through strips A near their open ends, and through two blocks E. Blocks E form washers to keep the narrow top of the can centered, so the bottom will not strike strips A when being inverted.

Fig. 4 shows how the cord for inverting the can is attached to the spout, passed beneath, and down through a screw-eye screwed into block B.

The duplex bath in Figs. 6 and 7 has a pulley arrangement for raising and lowering it. Fig. 8 shows the framework for holding the pans. The lengths of the strips A and B will be determined by the size of the pans;



and the length of blocks C by the size of the post support, which must fit loosely in the center opening formed by them. Screw a screw-eye into the center of the top edge of strips C.

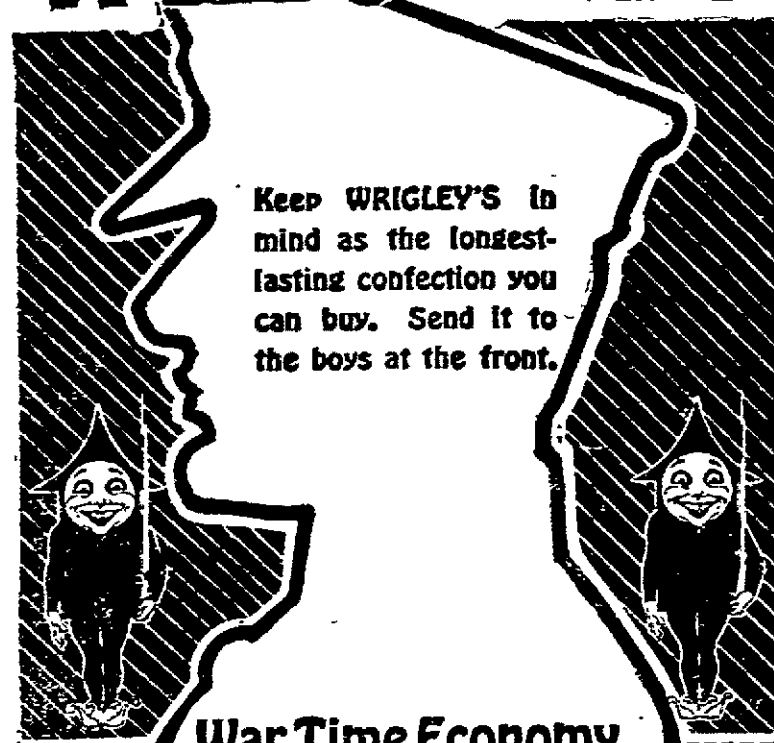
After slipping the framework over the post support, staple a pair of clothesline pulleys to opposite sides of the post, near to the top, on the same sides as the screw-eyes in strips C; then tie the ropes to the screw-eyes in strips C, run them over the pulleys, and drive nails into the post near the base to fasten the rope ends to when the framework has been raised.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. G. Welch, county judge and acting surrogate of the county of Oneida, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of John R. Skinner, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the undersigned executor of said estate, at his residence, 20 Erie side avenue, in the city of Oneida, on or before the first day of October next.

Dated March 25, 1918.
JAMES R. GEBLING, Executor.

WRIGLEYS



Keep WRIGLEY'S in mind as the longest-lasting confection you can buy. Send it to the boys at the front.

War Time Economy In Sweetmeats—

a 5-cent package of WRIGLEY'S will give you several days' enjoyment: it's an investment in benefit as well as pleasure, for it helps teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.

Chew It After Every Meal

The Flavor Lasts!



POINCARÉ MEETS LABOR MEN.

Paris, France, May 8.—President Poincaré, in receiving the members of the American labor mission, said it was a great advantage that so many branches of industry were represented by the mission. In speaking of the war he said:

"France is a peace-loving nation, believing in the triumph of right over might. It is not a question of Alsace Lorraine, but a question of militarism against democracy."

\$75,000,000 LOAN TO ENGLAND.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—An additional credit of \$75,000,000 has been extended to Great Britain by the treasury, bringing the total of the American loans to that nation to \$2,705,000,000, and the total of credit to all co-belligerents to \$5,365,850,000.

The Stay-at-Home.
You feel, when things ain't goin' right, An' all the world's a-flurry, It's better to get out an' fight Than stay at home an' worry.

THEATRE ONEONTA TODAY AND TOMORROW LAST TIME HERE

D. W. GRIFFITH'S Mighty Military Spectacle

13,000 PEOPLE 3,000 HORSES



COST \$500,000 TO PRODUCE ONE YEAR IN THE MAKING

Identical Production as Shown in All the Best Theatres Throughout The United States at \$2.00 a Seat.

DON'T MISS IT THIS TIME

MATINEE TODAY, 2:30 P. M. EVENING 8:15 P. M.

Matinee Prices—Adults 25c; Children 15c.

Evening Prices—Lower Floor, 50c; Balcony, 25c; Gallery, 15c.

EXTRA! SPECIAL EXTRA!!

TOMORROW—SCHOOL CHILDREN'S MATINEE AT 3:45 P. M.

Regular Matinee Tomorrow Will Start at 1:30 P. M.

A Three Months' Subscription To "The Star" for Only \$1.00. Will Keep You Posted on Local and Foreign Events

The Famous Novel

"K"

STRAND

The Famous Novel

"K"

Matinee 2:30 10c Today and Tomorrow Evening 7:15-9 15c

The Latest and Biggest Screen Success

LOIS WEBER PRODUCER OF "The Price of a Good Time"

Presents Her Latest and Greatest Success

"THE DOCTOR AND THE WOMAN"

FEATURING

MILDRED HARRIS STAR OF "The Price of a Good Time"

FROM

Mary Roberts Rinehart's Novel, "K"

The Story That Had 2,000,000 Readers

An Intimate Disclosure of Life As We Live It

In Eight Wonderful Reels

Also---Two Good Comedies

The Famous Novel

"K"

NO ADVANCE IN ADMISSION

Direct From a Sensational Run AT THE LYRIC THEATRE, NEW YORK CITY

NO ADVANCE IN ADMISSION

The Famous Novel

"K"



The Oneonta Star

Entered as second class mail matter.
BUSINESS OFFICE, 14 BROAD STREET,
Oneonta, N. Y.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.
The Associated Press is exclusively
entitled to the use for publication of all
news dispatches received by it or not ther-
wise credited to this paper and also the
local news published herein.

OTSEGO PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Proprietors.
HARRY W. LEE, President.
G. W. FAIRCHILD, Vice President.
F. M. H. JACKSON, Sec. and Treas.
HARRY W. LEE, Editor.



SUBSCRIPTION RATES—\$4.00 per year;
50c per month; 10c per week.

TO GOOD PURPOSE

The pupils of the Otsego State Normal school have been putting their constructive ingenuity to good use. Students of the manual training department recently built a motor boat 25 feet long, equipped with a 12-h. p., 2-cylinder gasoline engine and after due deliberation as to the best use to be made of it concluded to present the boat to the State Conservation commission. The boat was accepted and will doubtless soon be patrolling the state waters, probably aiding to keep a lookout for shad poachers. Poughkeepsie.

USE OF STATE FUNDS

The latest report of Comptroller Travis shows that the total revenues of the state for the past ten months have increased eleven millions of dollars over those of last year's like period, and that the revenues have exceeded expenditures by \$2,382,000. One of the departments which shows decreases in expenditures is the educational, which falls short two and a half millions. There is no doubt that in times like these the military and war expenditures must be kept up; but there is grave doubt whether those for educational purposes should be decreased.

STATE MONEY FOR MARKETS

Among the bills lately signed by Governor Whitman is one appropriating \$35,954 for the state's half of the expenses of constructing a public market at Ogdensburg. This is the first instance in which the state has appropriated money for such a purpose, and the venture will be watched in other cities with interest. If all goes well, other cities, and among them Oneonta, may give the matter of a public market more consideration. Under the provisions of the law, the sum asked by any city cannot exceed one half of the value of the site and the expense of construction. In the end the state will be reimbursed for its investment by receiving a share of the annual net revenues from rental of stalls.

NERVE-RACKING DELAYS

The long delays since the German drive halted has had its effect on the nerves of the Allies, but doubtless to a larger extent on those of the Germans. To troops and civilians cheered by the rainbow promise that the German army would be in Paris "or Easter, and who had read the orders of the general staff, telling just where their army would be on each date, the delay of forty days must have been disillusioning. The drive has come, the date has passed and apparently Paris is as far off as ever, and the need for food is just as pressing. No nation can forever be fed on promises, and the terrible slaughter which brought death to so many homes in Germany is but a poor recompense for the slight advance which has been made. Meanwhile time fights for the Allies. More troops, many of them Americans, are being brought up; the lines are being strengthened; and what Germany did once at such terrible expense of human life must be done again and again if she is to win—which in fact she never will. The toll is too heavy and cannot much longer be paid.

C. E. BANQUET AT UNADILLA

Annual event to be held at Baptist Church Friday Evening.

The annual banquet of the Otsego County Christian Endeavor Union will be held in the Baptist church at Unadilla Friday evening, May 10, at 8:00 o'clock. The following is the program:

The Challenge of the Present Crisis to Christian Endeavor, Toastmistress, Mrs. L. S. Derrling.
Chorus—America.
Toast—All of Foreign Prof. C. F. Ford, Unadilla.
Solo—Miss Lois Burr, Oneonta.
Toast—Loyal Soldiers, Edward Risley, Harwick.
Solo—Miss Ruth King, East Worcester.
Toast—Training Camps, Cecil M. Cook, Otsego.
Song—O. H. S. Quartet.
Toast—Over the Top, J. Harold Woodward, Oneonta.
Chorus—O'er the Top.
The speakers for the banquet will be 25 cents, instead of 25 cents as announced in the Endeavorer.

Soldiers No Spendthrifts

The average American soldier in France is not a spendthrift. He spends on an average not more than \$5 a month on himself and sends the remainder of his money home. The national war work council of the Y. M. C. A. says that our men in what make the civilians back home seem wasteful by contrast. The soldier averages 20 cents a day for his tobacco and incidentals, while many an American who thinks he is economical spends twice that on unnecessary articles.—[Exchange.]

Discouraged

Almost anything may happen in Russia save the triumph of horse sense and the return of Russians to the battle line against Germany.—[Louisville Courier-Journal.]

GETTING READY FOR NEW DRAFT

LOCAL BOARD RECEIVES WORD FROM ADJUTANT GENERAL MEN TURNING 21 WILL BE DRAFTED SOON.

Bill Not Yet Passed by Congress, However, But Boards are Getting Ready to Handle Work — Men Will Have to Register in Oneonta in Person — Nothing Definite Decided — Calls for Special Induction Are Issued.

In all probability the bill requiring registration of men who have become 21 years of age since June 5 last will be passed in the very near future. A telegram to this effect was received yesterday by the Local Board from State Adjutant General Sherrill, and stating that the plan for registration has already been decided upon. The date of registration, however, has not been fixed.

The Local Boards will be the centers of registration and the unit of registration will be the Local Board district. In anticipating the passage of the bill, blank forms for registering the men affected have been sent to all the Local Boards of the country. Questionnaires have been sent to the Local Boards with a view to obtaining information with regard to their facilities for registering these men, viz., whether the present offices are adequate and whether sufficient help can be secured.

The Oneonta Board has not thought it advisable to establish registration offices in other parts of this district. This will mean that all the men in the district affected will have to come to Oneonta to be registered in person. It is not known, but it is believed that the registration will be concluded in one day's time; while it is expected that the same system of questionnaires as was used in the original draft will be utilized in the new registration, it is believed that the men will be placed at the bottom of their respective classes after they have been registered, their questionnaires filled, and their claims for deferred classification, if any, are decided.

Full publicity will be given the rules of registration, such as the time, etc., as soon as the bill is passed.

Further information was received yesterday by the Local Board in regard to the special calls announced Tuesday. Number 468 calls for buglers for the signal corps, Camp Alfred Vail, Little Silver, N. J. Number 472 for motorcycle repair men, to be sent to the same camp. Number 473 for telephone operators who can speak German to be sent to the same camp. Number 475 for buglers for the engineer corps Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind. Number 477 for barbers for the engineer corps, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind.

Number 483 for laborers for the quartermaster's corps, ship repair shop unit 501, Hoboken, N. J.

The voluntary induction of men skilled in various occupations will be discouraged under call No. 492.

Voluntary inductions under these calls will be suspended on or before May 11. The men accepted under the calls will be entrained on May 20. In addition to these calls vacancies exist for a limited number of professional or amateur photographers to be entrained for Madison barracks, Sackett Harbor, under call 124. There is also an opening for a few competent camera repair men, to be sent for training to Rochester. Applicants interested in the above calls should consult the Local Board immediately as the opportunities may be closed at any moment.

Joseph Gondarcure of this city has been enlisted under call No. 477 as a barber.

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS

The German Native in the World.

We do not know why Germans are German. That is God's business. At any rate, it is not the first thing He has put in the world to be destroyed. That task has been reserved to us. We have no idea where it will lead us or when it will end. We know only that the war will last until we finish it. Then will the Lusitania be a monument to civilization more abiding than bronze, reaching to heaven and the world will be a different place forever.—[New York Tribune.]

The Countercheck Quarrelsome.

"The San Antonio Light" says editorially that Southern California "mainly depends upon the vacationist, the halt, the lame and the idle rich for her daily bread."

"What does San Antonio depend upon? The oil wells she has not the grain harvests she does not reap her frost-bitten orchards or the great manufacturing establishments which do not adorn her streets? Or is she living upon the lies that Frederick Lav O'Connell told many years ago about the beautiful mud creek on whose banks she sits?"—[Los Angeles Times.]

Lincoln in Charleston.

Lincoln's last posters bearing the names of Abraham Lincoln are to be seen in Charleston and we today. We desire to call the spot to the attention of those who are still here. Let them ponder a little, remembering that that Charleston was and revealing the things that happened here a little more than a half century ago.—[Charleston News and Courier.]

A Comparative Statement.

There was a time when earthquakes, accompanied by dread and terror, when populations avoided locations where even slight shocks were liable to occur. History and science have combined to prove that the risk of danger is almost infinitesimal. The automobile claims more victims in the United States in a year than the total of all the earthquakes since the

foundation of the republic. The Hun has wrought more destruction with his high-power explosives since the present war than all the damages by earthquakes covered by the records of our modern civilization.—[Los Angeles Times.]

An Essential Import

Cocunut shells are one of the essential imports, for they have been found to possess commercial value in the making of gas masks. The shell can be made into a high grade of charcoal, which is a suitable antidote for poison gases. Space is being found on all ships for cocunut shells and thousands of cocunuts are being shipped from Porto Rico.—[Utica Press.]

Cheap Food, Not Luxuries

The fact that Deep River fishermen down the Connecticut river proposed to charge 35 cents a pound for the first load of the season directs the attention of the Hartford Courant to the main issue. It says: "It is pretty certain that, if this greed is kept up during the season, the next Legislature will see to it that there is no more fishing until the shad are so abundant that the price can't be maintained. All needed is time and abundance from netting them. The argument for fish culture is to make food cheaper, not to provide high-priced luxuries." There the root of the matter is touched.—[Springfield Republican.]

Dylight in Spain

Even Spain has adopted the more-daylight movement. With a little more daylight still, Spain might become an ally.—[Cleveland Plain Dealer.]

Less Roof—More Farm

A little less roof-gardening and more farm-gardening will also help toward making the world safe for democracy.—[Rochester Post-Express.]

State Civil Service Examination

The State Civil Service commission announces that examinations will be held as follows on Saturday, May 25, in Oneonta and other cities of the state for the following among other positions: Superintending nurse, infantile paralysis after care cases; wellman at Saratoga Springs; kindergarten teachers in state institutions; general teachers in state institutions; register in State college for teachers. There are also several expert positions in the State Education department requiring professional men and college graduates. For more detailed information regarding these and the enumerated positions address State Civil Service commission, Albany, N. Y.

Drink the quality tea. Biwa, the short way to economy in tea buying. advt. 17

Business and Professional Directory

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

ARNOLD, BENDER & HINMAN.
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
109 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

CHIROPRACTIC

COOK & COOK, R. S. C. Chiropractors.
4 Grove Street, Phone 4-11.
Consultation and spinal analysis free.
Office hours 9-12 a. m., 1-4 p. m., 6-8 p. m.
D. C. GRIGGS, N. S. C. Chiropractor.
120 Main Street, Consultation free. Lady attendant. Office hours 9-12 a. m. and 1-4 p. m. Wednesday and Saturday evenings 6 to 8 o'clock.

CHIROPODIST

DR. W. D. BUELL.
108 Main Street, Removes corns, bunions, ingrowing nails. Telephone 630-M. Office hours 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

CORSETS

MRS. J. E. MOTTLE. CORSETS.
Phone 237-R.
Corsetiere for Spirella Corset company.

DETECTIVE AGENCY

JACKSON'S Detective Agency, representing offices in all parts of the United States, 211 South Center street, Schenectady. Phone F 204.

HAIR AND SCALP TREATMENT

MRS. BELLOCK.
Phone 640. 138 Main Street.
Shampooing, hair work, scalp and scalp treatment, manicuring and facial massage.
MISS GRACE E. JONES, Phone 533.
Room 6, Oneonta Hotel Bldg.
Harper assisted shampooing, scalp treatment, manicuring and facial massage.

INSURANCE

H. M. BARD & SON.
8 Broad Street. Phone 11-W.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Mutual and stock fire companies, Auto liability, Plate Glass, Bonding.

SHELLAND & NEARBY

C. F. Shelland.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agency.
Office, Exchange block.

OSTEOPATHS

WILLIAM AND EDNA APHORPE, D. O.
105 2nd Street. Office hours 9 a. m. to 12 m., 1-5 p. m., 7-9 p. m.
C. O. BEIDERMAN, Graduate of Osteopathy.
Eyes examined, glasses furnished, all kinds of optical repairs done. Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1-5 p. m. 105 Main street.

PHYSICIANS

DR. NORMAN W. GELMAN, 216 Main St.
General practice, also pediatrics, work day and night. Office hours 9-12 a. m., 1-5 p. m., 7-9 p. m. Phone 547-J.
DR. DANIEL LUCE, 246 Main Street.
General practice, also special work in pediatrics.
Office hours 9-12 a. m., 1-5 p. m., 7-9 p. m. Phone: Office 477-D.

VETERINARIAN

DR. ROBT. E. OAKES, Veterinarian.
Office 12 Burt Street.
Office hours 12 to 2 p. m., 7-9 p. m.

The Hoff-Mann
DRY CLEANING

BLOOD or BREAD
Others are giving their blood
You will shorten the war—
save life if you eat only what
you need and waste nothing
UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION

RONAN BROS.

A Complete Store of Apparel For Everybody

The widest assortment, best styles, and greater economies, whether it be suits, coats, dress or military that is most preferred. You owe it to yourself to investigate these enormous, carefully chosen stocks and very reasonable prices before choosing elsewhere.



The Latest Suits, Coats and Dresses for Spring Are Most Attractive in Style and Value

SUITS FROM \$20.00 to \$37.50.

Close-fitting, semi-fitting, plaited—some with plaited or flaring peplums. Black, navy blue and some in colors. Many have the smartest little vests and over-collars of silk.

COATS FROM \$12.50 to \$35.00.

Practical and dressy models of wool velours, bolivia cloth, tricotine, Jersey cloth, taffeta and satin, many with handsome colored linings.

SILK AND SERGE DRESSES \$12.50 TO \$35.00.

Taffetas, satin de luxe, foulards, crepe de chine and serges. Made with straight skirts, bodice in blouse or long waisted effect. Some with collar and cuffs of foulard or tan silk.

Something New Every Day in Millinery

Now the mid-season hats are coming to the fore—the dark straws, black and navy blue, with light touches in the way of white wings and whips, white wheat and ribbons, white crepe or straw facings; also dark straws trimmed in color. Just the kind of hats so many women want, who wish to look smart and well dressed, and have something that will stand the strain of every day wear.

Prices—\$1.98, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.75, \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.75, \$9.00 to \$12.50.

Muslin Underwear

Envelope chemise 59c, 75c, 99c, \$1.00, \$1.25 to \$4.50.
Night gowns 59c, 75c, 99c, \$1.25, \$2.00 to \$5.00.
Camisoles \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 to \$3.75.

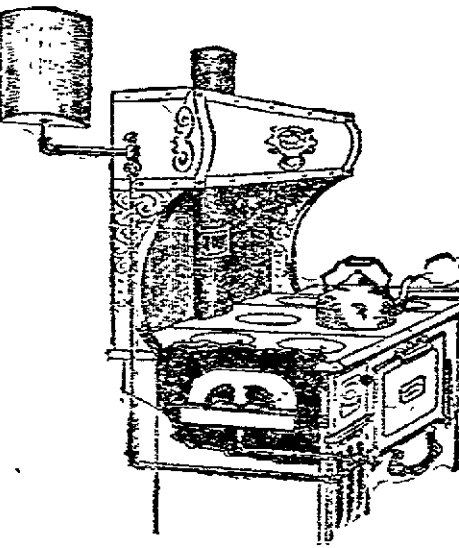
RONAN BROS.

I Wish to Announce

That I have taken over the agency for the V. H. C. Bumer for Otsego county.

This burner can be installed in any cook stove or range without altering your stove. It burns kerosene, crude or fuel oil without the slightest odor.

An ideal article for a camp house as well as for the most up-to-date city dwelling. No dirt nor lugging of coal and a great money saver.



Completely Installed \$15

F. J. Arnoys, Jeweler

Call at the demonstrating rooms at 117 Main St. and Mr. F. E. Rath, General Sales Agent, will gladly show you the conveniences of this wonderful invention.

A Reputation That Assures Quality

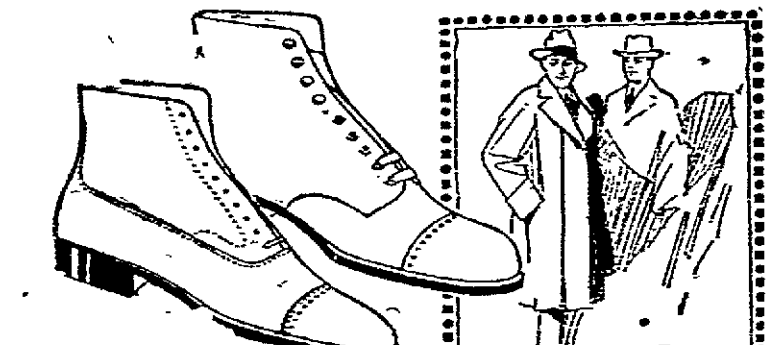
A reputation of more than half a century for top quality in fabrics, is a good guide to reliable clothes this season. Good fabrics were never so scarce; but you can depend on

KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES

to be up to standard. A variety of styles to suit all men and young men. Business and professional men will be attracted to the conservative styles that are correct but without in the least sacrificing dignity. Prices \$25 to \$50.

Carr Clothing Co., Inc.

Successors to Carr & Bull



Whatever be your preference in shoe shapes—whether one of these nifty, narrow English styles or a business man's shoe, wider and more roomy—we can supply you.

But for quality there is no choice. Each pair of our shoes is the best that money can buy, and we're proud to stand back of every pair sold.

\$3.50 to \$8.50

The House of Good Shoes

Gardner & Stevens, Inc.

Buy good quality clothes — and buy them now

Take your choice today get first pick of the new patterns and colors. Remember the new conditions say, "look for good style and full value, rather than for price." Good style and full value go without saying, when your clothes bear the Collegian label.

Smart styles for every man of 17 to 70. Prices just those that you like to pay.

Frank E. Hone

The Home of Good Clothes Next to Trolley Station

The Housekeeping Problem Is Easily Solved

A Modern Gas Range

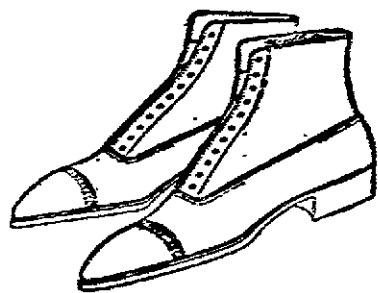
Will Reduce Kitchen Cares to a Minimum and Save Hours of Needless Labor Every Day. See the Splendid Line of Ranges on Display at Our Office.

Get Your Order in Now
ONEONTA LIGHT & POWER CO.

The Brown Hardware Co.

Now have in stock Little Gem Peas, Nott's Excelsior Peas, Telephone Peas, Champion of England Peas, Thomas Saxton Peas, Gradus Peas, Black-eyed Marrowfat Peas.

Black Wax Butter Beans, Golden Wax Beans, Davis White Wax Beans, White Kidney Beans, Yellow Danver Onions, Red Weathersfield Onions, Cabbage Seed, Turnip, Beet, Sweet Peas, Nasturtium and a general variety of small seeds.



WHERE QUALITY COUNTS

You, your neighbor and we all generally are apt to "take up" a man by his shoes.

Good shoes mean a lot more to the particular man than just foot covering. Bear this in mind when choosing your shoes, and, to be absolutely safe.

COME TO MURDOCK'S

Ralph W. Murdock SHOES

175 Main St. Terms Cash

AUTOMOBILE

Safety Tail Lights

Your protection when backing at night 50 feet of clear white light behind your car when and where you need it.

Call and see it.

TOWNSEND HARDWARE COMPANY

The Specialty Shop

COATS

in Ladies' sizes, \$12.50 to \$27.50
in Children's sizes, \$2.50 to \$19.50

DRESSES

in Ladies' sizes, \$5.90 to \$27.50
in Children's sizes, 50c to \$10.00

SUITS

in Ladies' and Misses' sizes,
\$17.50 to \$35.00

Tub Waists in Stripes

Unusual values
\$3.50

ROTE & ROTE

174 Main Street Oneonta, N. Y.



If you are wearing glasses and haven't had your eyes examined for two years or more, the glasses may need changing. Perhaps a stronger or weaker pair are needed.

O. C. DELONG

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

Upstairs 207 MAIN ST.

HOURS 9 TO 5 PHONE 357-W

WILBER

National Bank

ONEONTA NEW YORK

George I. Wilber President
Albert B. Tobey Vice-President
Samuel H. Potter Cashier
Edward Crippen Asst. Cashier
Robert Hall Asst. Cashier

Safety First

Make Your Dollar Holler

"THE HEN THAT LAYS" IS "THE HEN THAT PAYS"

Join Our Thrift Club Now

We can do our part by cutting out all waste and saving a part of our income to Loan Our Government.

Save to purchase U. S. Liberty Bonds or deposit your savings in a bank so the bank can buy the bonds for you.

ONE DOLLAR OR MORE WILL START AN ACCOUNT IN OUR THRIFT, VACATION, EMERGENCY OR CHRISTMAS CLUB.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY.

8 a. m. - 63
10 a. m. - 57
8 p. m. - 48
Maximum 72—Minimum 48

LOCAL MENTION.

No arrangements have as yet been made for the reopening of the Happy Hour theatre on Broad street and its future is still in doubt.

Mr. and Mrs. Kendall P. Dunn are the happy parents of a little son who arrived at their home yesterday and may be depended upon to take the wheel and drive for the present. At least Mr. Dunn has resigned his position with H. H. Buckley and is now at the family home here. His plans for the future are not fully determined.

COUNTRY CLUB CATERER.

Mrs. Charles F. Shelland to Conduct Dining Room This Summer.

At a recent meeting of the house committee of the Country club, Mrs. C. F. Shelland was unanimously engaged to cater at the club this summer, all agreeing that the club is very fortunate in completing arrangements with her. Her ability in the culinary art is well known and that she will be able to satisfy the exacting demands of the club members will at once be recognized.

It is understood that they will occupy the apartments at the club during the summer, not having engaged a house in the city since her return from Florida. The arrangement will be quite congenial to both Mr. and Mrs. Shelland, as it will enable him to be close by the links for the long evenings resulting from the advanced time and that they will enjoy the summer there is accepted. That it may prove a profitable venture as well, is the wish of their many friends.

NEARLY ALL BUY BONDS.

Southern New York Railway Men Make Great Record.

One hundred and fifty-eight of the one hundred and seventy-five men employed by the Southern New York Power & Railway Corporation subscribed for Third Liberty Loan bonds as the result of a systematic campaign made by General Manager Charles L. Stone. The total amount of bonds which these men subscribed for was \$12,950. The company may well be proud of the spirit of patriotism which the men have shown in their willingness to back up the government.

The employees of the company are divided into ten departments. Five of these departments made a record of 100 per cent, two departments scored better than 90 per cent, and three departments are above the 80 per cent mark.

Meetings Today.

Regular review of the Maccabees tonight. Your presence is desired as a good time is assured, and there is important business to be transacted.

The Social club of Chapin Memorial church will meet with Mrs. Wood and Miss Curtis at the house of the former, 305 Main street, this evening. All members and friends are invited to be present. Bring usual refreshments.

The West End Baptist choir will meet at the church this evening at 8:30 o'clock.

Regular meeting of Autumn lodge this evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Initiation. All members of drill team be present.

Regular meeting of Mrs. C. D. Hammond Division, No. 214, G. I. A. to B. of L. E., in I. O. O. F. hall, at 2:30 p. m. Initiation.

The St. James' guild will meet with Mrs. Robert Bizard, 7 Valleyview street, this afternoon.

Coy Sells Taxi Business.

Merton E. Moffatt has bought out Arthur Coy's taxi service, located at 14 Dietz street, according to an announcement made by Mr. Moffatt last night. The business will be run as heretofore, with a day and night service to any part of the city or country. Mr. Moffatt has long worked as a chauffeur in Oneonta.

Comes for Army Deserter.

Corporal John Gannon, Co. C, 33rd engineers, stationed at Camp Devens, Mass., arrived in the city yesterday to take charge of Private Horace L. Cor, a deserter, arrested last Friday by Chief of Police Bizard at Binghamton on a charge of stealing a motorcycle. He will take Cor back with him today to the camp to face court martial.

Work in Huntington Park.

Some slight changes in the plans for Huntington park have necessitated the discontinuance of work for a short time. It will, however, be resumed at an early date and pushed to completion.

Horses, Horses.

Friday morning, May 10, at H. W. Sheldon's stables, Oneonta, N. Y., will have a fresh lot from the west. Prices right. Do not miss this opportunity of the season. adv 3t

Besides the packet seeds Baker Bros. have the following seeds in bulk: Onion, beet, cucumber, carrot, squash, pumpkin and turnip. Some fine onion sets. adv 3t

Commencing this morning the City Messenger service will be discontinued for two weeks, as Mr. Kelly will be absent from the city. adv 3t

Lost—Last Saturday, Child's gold bowed glasses on Dietz street. Finder please return to 55 Dietz street. adv 2t

Wanted—Office boy. References required. Must apply in person at Elmwood Milling company. adv 1t

Have your carpets cleaned at the Oneonta Carpet Cleaning works. Phone 1135-W. adv 1t

BOOMING WAR CHEST

S. B. GRONER OF SYRACUSE GIVES PROJECT DECIDED IMPETUS.

Addresses Red Cross Luncheon at The Oneonta at Noon, Confers With Local Committee and Makes Evening Address at Municipal Hall.

Oneonta's War Chest project received a decided impetus yesterday, when S. B. Groner of Syracuse, who is a chairman for the some 12 counties of Central New York including Otsego, of the Red Cross campaign for another hundred million dollars for the work in France and Belgium, visited the city and put in the entire day in booming both the Red Cross drive and the local War Chest, the latter displacing the separate drive for the Red Cross in the city during the week of May 20. His visit was very helpful and inspiring. At 12:30 o'clock he met not only the men and women of the city, but numerous workers from nearby villages, who had been summoned by phone in the early morning at a luncheon at The Oneonta. His remarks there were devoted especially to the work of the Red Cross drive, outlining the general plan and urging that the organization suggested would produce the best results. He said that while there was some doubt about the first hundred million goal being reached, now there could not be for the second drive for the number of chapters has been increased a dozen fold and the membership by millions of members.

He referred at some length to his experience in Toronto, Canada, which he recently visited and from which nearly every able bodied man between 20 and 45 years of age has been or is now at the front. He told of the work for the men returned crippled and his appeals to save our boys at the front by liberal financing was convincing and appealing. We have done no sacrificing, just a bit of service is all we have rendered and no man, he said, has a right to say I cannot contribute to either cause, who is enjoying life here and has all the necessities. The way to get the money is to wear out shoe leather. We should work just as heartily and sacrifice just as willingly as the Germans were shelling our towns for they are shelling our brothers over there by the thousands. They, who do not give freely of their incomes for this work are giving aid and support to the Kaiser and deserve to be shot as traitors to America.

Early last evening he met the directors of the War Chest at the Chamber of Commerce rooms and went over the plans carefully with them. He expressed confidence in the outcome and said that this would be the first city to fail, if the plans made are carefully and thoroughly worked.

Later at the Municipal hall, Mr. Groner forcefully stirred up enthusiasm among a representative gathering of Oneonta's most influential citizens in a speech lasting about an hour. He called on the people of this city to stand back of the War Chest idea to the limit, and to make it not merely the \$75,000 set as the goal, but to send it soaring to \$150,000.

Declaring that this war will strike every home in the country before it progresses much farther, and that upon the organizations in Europe that send the men into the trenches with a smile and bring them out of hospitals with tenderness, the speaker asked how much has the ordinary person in this city sacrificed so far. "Have you drunk a cup of coffee less?" he queried, "smoked a cigarette less, rode a mile less in your car, played a game of poker less?"

Answering those people who say that they have been patriotic and subscribed to the Liberty Loan, Mr. Groner shouted amid the applause of the audience: "Why man, it is the best investment you ever made, and unless you do it again, Uncle Sam will take your money. Have you given a boy or a brother? Then you know what Uncle Sam has taken out of your home?"

He then vividly described his first visit to a war hospital, where he saw men with one leg, two legs, one leg and an arm gone; minus a foot; an ear off; an eye missing. "What have they given to the war?" he questioned. "Then we have to come down here and beg you men and women to give a few penny dollars. It is not how little can we give; it is how much can we give. There are 12,000,000 orphans in Europe. What have we sacrificed when we haven't smoked a cigarette less?" In this respect, the speaker praised the Red Cross for all of its humanitarian work in this regard.

"Give all you have," continued the speaker, "that's all you can do. What about the man who has left your bank and a \$2,000, \$1,500 or \$1,000 job for \$20 a month to go over the top?"

Mr. Groner told of the work done by the Red Cross and other organizations at or near the firing line who take care of the boys who have gone across and strive to send them back home as clean, or cleaner, than they went. He declared that the dollars put into these societies will keep them at work and insure success to their purposes.

In regard to Oneonta's war chest, the speaker suggested that instead of going out to get subscriptions to cover a full year, it would be much better if the matter were left open to solicitation if the funds should become exhausted before the end of the year through a sudden emergency and drain upon them. Otherwise he commended highly Oneonta's system, and said there was no doubt that it would work to perfection.

Try Otsego coffee, the popular priceless coffee for the people. Smooth and sufficient—always in package and fresh. At your grocer's. adv 1t

SUFFRAGE WORKERS MEET

Elect New Officers of Permanent Organization and Listen to Addresses by Mrs. William Belknap of New York and Miss Hufcutt of Binghamton.

The annual convention for Otsego county of the New York State Woman Suffrage party, was held at the residence of Mrs. Dorman Baldwin on Dietz street yesterday afternoon, and in the absence of Mrs. E. J. McCarty, the county chairman, the first vice chairman, Mrs. Earl Culver of Milford, presided. Reports were read and accepted from the secretary and treasurer.

The nomination committee presented the following nominations and they were duly elected:

Chairman—Mrs. Frances E. Culver, Milford.

First Vice Chairman—Mrs. Harry L. Crutten, Cooperstown.

Second Vice Chairman—Mrs. David B. Shapper, Richfield Springs.

Third Vice Chairman—Mrs. Tilley Blakely, Otsego.

Fourth Vice Chairman—Mrs. U. G. Welch, Edmeston.

Recording Secretary—Miss Louise Westerfelt, Oneonta.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Harry W. Shaffer, Worcester.

Treasurer—Mrs. J. H. Wild, Schenectady.

Chairman of Committees—War service and intelligence, Mrs. H. W. Lee, Oneonta; rural problems, Mrs. John Chase, Schenectady; legislation, Mrs. Dorman Baldwin, Oneonta; educational, Mrs. Wilbur H. Lynch, Oneonta.

Mrs. William Belknap Speaks.

Owing to conflicting dates made inadvertently at headquarters, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw of New York, acting chairman for New York state, was unable to be present, sending a message of regret, and all were disappointed at not hearing her. Mrs. William Belknap of New York, organization chairman, was, however, present and she made a most interesting and effective speech. She outlined the work planned for the year and explained the work of the several committees that have been named. She urged the women to continue the war work enthusiastically, emphasizing the benefits of the correspondence course and the study of the book edited by Mrs. Raymond Brown, the former organization chairman, who is now vice chairman of the national organization and has recently sailed with the overseas hospital.

Miss Lillian Hufcutt of Binghamton, congressional chairman of this district, was present and she also spoke in an encouraging vein, commending the work done by the women in each city of the district voting on the local option questions, in each of which no license was carried by large majorities.

The convention was largely attended, not only by city members, but many of the local organizations about the county were represented.

"BIRTH OF A NATION" TODAY.

Griffith's Famous Military Spectacle Farwell Tour.

It is a well-known fact that lovers of photo-plays have their favorites among the actors in the cast and rave over their cleverness and personal charm as if they were before them on the legitimate stage in actual flesh and blood.

Mae Marsh, who plays Flora Cameron, the younger daughter in the southern household in "The Birth of a Nation," which will play at the Theatre Oneonta today and tomorrow, with special children's matinee tomorrow at 3:45 p. m., has by her elf-like charm and naive personality attracted many admirers who greet with pleasure and enthusiasm her every appearance on the screen.

Prices: Matinee, adults 25c; children, 15c. Night, lower floor, 50c; balcony, 25c; gallery, 15c.

Bids Opened for Highway Repairs.

Bids were opened Tuesday at the office of the state commissioner of highways at Albany for repair contract No. 1152, which includes repairing the Shadyside-Otego road with bituminous material, and surface treatment of the Schenectady-Maryland road. There were three bids offered as follows: Nathan E. Young, Union, \$19,716; Lane Construction company, Meriden, Conn., \$20,216; Frederick A. Bignell, Albany, \$25,836.

B. E. Pudney of 18 Broad street purchased yesterday of The Home Furnishing company of Oneonta the stock, good will and agency of the White Sewing Machine company. Mr. Pudney is developing one of the largest retail piano, phonograph and sewing machine stores in Central New York. All who are interested in this line or invited to call or write for free demonstration. This, together with the Edridge line of sewing machines, places this store at the front. adv 2t

Seed Potatoes.

Twenty bushels Green Mountain potatoes, choice for seed, field run, \$1.50 per bushel. A few Green Mountain seed of smaller size, \$1.00 per bushel. W. W. Capikins, 12 Broad street, city. Phone 226-J. adv 2t

Hubbard's Ladies' Hatters will have an unusual showing of pattern hats at their annual summer opening Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week, and all ladies are cordially invited. adv 4t

Lost—Yesterday, "Short gauntlet" auto glove, probably on South Side. Finder please return to Central Cigar store. adv 2t

When it pours, "It Reigns," Kip-nockle coffee at your grocer's. adv 1t

Fowls dressed to order. Phone No. 1656-W2. adv 6t

376 Wright's delivery. adv 1t

House Dresses

This is the time in the season when the housewife thinks that a new house dress for morning wear would be a good investment. We have received several shipments. They are ready for inspection.

Percales, Ginghams and Lawns.

Prices, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.00.

Special—A few princess slips that we are closing out at half price.

M. GURNEY & SONS, Inc.

W. W. CAPRON, Pres. and Treas.

Diamond Rings

One Is Proud to Own

Brigham sells diamond rings of good quality only.

We have a splendid assortment to choose from. Whether you select a small, medium or large stone, you get a diamond of fine color and quality, perfectly cut—a brilliant sparkling ring you will always be proud of, and which will increase in value as the years go by.

Mountings are all solid gold or platinum.

We guarantee the color, quality, weight and cutting of the diamond.

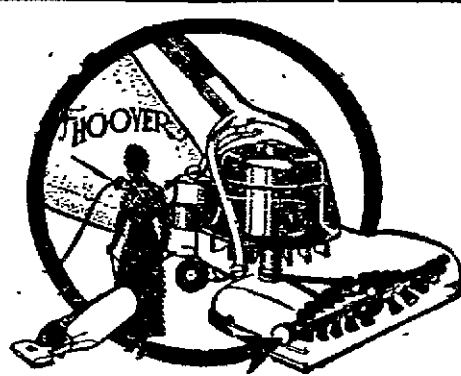
Prices range from \$15 to \$500

R. E. Brigham JEWELER

Watch Inspector for D. & H. and U. & D.

141 Main St. Oneonta, N. Y.

The HALLMARK Store



House

Cleaning

Will Beat Sweep, Suction Clean Your Rugs

Lane Electric Shop

TWO DIETZ STREET

PHONE 1144-J

Fresh Made—Vanilla and Maple Walnut Kisses 30c



WE ARE NOW MAKING

Splendid Bread

We make it in 10c and 15c sizes; you will find it the best bread you have ever eaten.

AT NYE'S BAKERY

Or Call For It At Your Grocers

Now Is the time to Spray Your Fruit Trees and Bushes

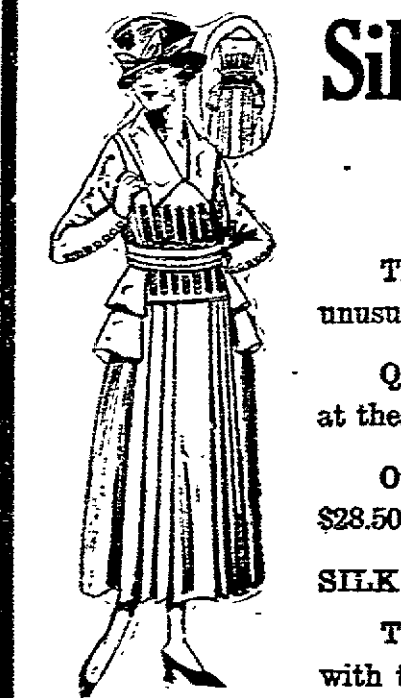
We Have the Sprayers and the Compounds

A. H. MURDOCK, Market Street

Grove Street Greenhouses

Phone 1047-J C. W. Peck, Prop.

37 Grove Street, Oneonta.



Silk and Wool Dresses at Drastic Reductions

The assortment being offered at \$15.00 and \$18.00 is unusually complete.

Quality, style and coloring unapproachable elsewhere at these prices.

Other lines in silk and wool dresses at \$10, \$22.50 and \$28.50.

SILK FLOUNCE PETTICOATS \$1.95 and \$2.95

Taffeta flounces in plain colors and changeable effects with tops of excellent quality cotton fabric.

B. F. SISSON

THE QUALITY STORE

B. F. SISSON



HELPS TO GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

are what our kitchen wares may be properly called. The sauce pans, frying pans, kettles, double boilers, and all sorts of other kitchen necessities shown here are the kind that make kitchen work less of a task and more of a pleasure. You'll miss much if you miss seeing the display.

DEMERE & RILEY
Phone 33 48 Main Street

March - April - May
is the time to take
a treatment of
**ROWE'S Red Clover
and
Dandelion Compound**
the Ideal Spring
Tonic.

The CITY DRUG STORE
E. E. SCATCHARD Prop.
227 Main St. Phone 218-J

Garden Seeds

We have a full assortment of both bulk and package seeds; also onion sets. We advise buying your seeds early, as the supply this year is limited.

A full assortment of choice fresh fruits and vegetables. Fresh meat, the best of all kinds.

CANFIELD'S MARKET
Sanitary Grocery and
Meat Market
PHONE 53 9 ELM ST.



Discussing the Subject

Of ways and means, we suggest that one economy you can make without detriment is to fill your clothing needs here. You'll find our prices afford a decided saving with no reduction in qualities. This is genuine economy.

SPENCER'S
Busy Clothes Shop
ONEONTA, N. Y.

PERSONALS.

Judge J. P. Grant of Stamford was in the city yesterday on business.

Miss Clara Watson arrived home last evening after a short visit with friends in Albany.

G. J. Ackley, now located in Johnson City, was in Oneonta yesterday on business errands.

Mrs. Mary A. Coon is critically ill at her home on Main street and is not expected to long survive.

Miss Marion Alford Goulding of Syracuse is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Alford, Elm street.

Mrs. E. C. Hanford of Stamford was in the city yesterday visiting Mrs. N. D. Ogden and other friends.

Mrs. Carrie Huntley of Union Grove is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Susan Sherman, of 55 London avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Murdoch of this city departed yesterday for a few days' sojourn in Springfield, Mass.

Mrs. Luzerne Westbrook left last evening for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Clark, at Bainbridge.

Mrs. A. O. Ingerham left Wednesday morning for Saratoga Springs, where she will be the guest of her parents for a few days.

Mrs. E. G. Neerink, who had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Huford, in Oneonta, returned yesterday to her home in Otego.

Mrs. Charles Kellogg and Miss Marion Wheat of Treadwell were in Oneonta yesterday, on their way to Albany for a brief sojourn.

Among those in attendance at the Red Cross luncheon at The Oneonta yesterday were W. H. French and A. L. Emmons, both of Worcester.

Mrs. George Keyes of Aurora, Ill., arrived in Oneonta yesterday to attend the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Carroll, which was held at 1 p. m.

Mrs. H. Crouse of this city returned yesterday to Albany, where she is assisting in the care of her father, Martin Zeh, who is quite seriously ill.

Mrs. Arthur E. Mad, who had been visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. O. C. Mead, of Main street, returned home last evening and was accompanied by Mrs. O. C. Mead, who will visit them at their home at Endicott.

Mrs. Lena McLeese has returned from a trip to New York, Old Point Comfort, Hampton Roads and Newport News, Va. At the latter place she visited her son, Clifford, who is with the 10th Infantry at Camp Stuart.

Mrs. Charles D. Kellogg, son and daughter and Miss Marion Wheat of Treadwell were in the city last evening on their way home from a business trip to Albany. Mr. Kellogg meeting them here with an automobile. They were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Rollins while in the city.

Oxford Soldier Dies in France.

Oxford, May 8.—Private Louis Earl Wilcox, son of Mr. and Mrs. Myron Wilcox of this village, died of disease while in service in France, comes the sad news by telegram from Adjutant General McCain of Washington. Memorial service will be held here soon, but burial took place "over there."

Private Wilcox was 29 years old and attended district school until his 13th year. He then worked on a farm and was selected in the draft and went to Camp Dix last November. Later he went to Camp Hancock and Camp Merritt and from the latter to France. He was in the motor service as a mechanic.

Private Wilcox was one of the local base-ball team and popular among his companions. His death is the first from this vicinity and brings sorrow to the village, which extends sympathy to his parents, two brothers and sisters, who survive.

Entertains on Sixth Birthday.

Miss Virginia Davis entertained 12 of her little girl friends at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Davis, 35 Grove street, yesterday afternoon from 3.30 until 6. The occasion was Miss Virginia's sixth birthday and she was the recipient of many pretty gifts from the guests. Music and games furnished the afternoon's amusement and prizes were awarded to those most proficient. Dainty refreshments were served, including a huge birthday cake, and at 6 o'clock the little guests departed, wishing their hostess many more happy birthdays.

Aged Woman Seriously Injured.

Mrs. J. D. Meek of 37 Elm place fell yesterday and broke her leg at the hip joint. Dr. Elliott is the attending physician and he was assisted by Dr. Latcher in reducing the fracture. Mrs. Meek, who is 84 years old, is resting as comfortably as could be expected.

Recovering from Operation.

Clifford Chapman, Firestone, formerly of Stamford and well-known in this section, is recovering from a recent serious operation for a long standing intestinal trouble performed by Dr. Elliot, of that city. He is hopeful of a cure in the case of Mr. Chapman.

Only seven lots left out of the 25 placed on sale in the Miller lot on Chestnut street. These are desirable lots with excellent soil for garden. The lots will be sold on easy payments and will prove desirable investments. Inquire of F. D. Miller, 183 Main street, or J. E. T. Lee, 311 Main street, advert.

Little Six Buick for Sale.

Five-passenger and in first-class shape. Oneonta Garage Co., Wall street. advert.

My store will be open evenings from 7.30 until 9 o'clock until further notice, for the benefit of the farmer. Albert H. Murdoch. advert.

Farm and garden fertilizers for sale. Wellman & Hubbard, 2 Wells avenue. Phone 24. advert.

376 Wright's delivery. advert.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Amos A. Kniskern.

Mrs. Amos A. Kniskern, since 1891 a resident of this city and a woman much respected, died at the family home, 2 Cherry street, Wednesday at 10:55 a. m., following an operation performed ten days ago for the relief of adenoids. She had been in failing health for several years. The funeral services will be held on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence. They will be conducted by her pastor, Rev. E. M. Johns of the First Methodist Episcopal church, and interment will be made in the family plot at the Plains cemetery.

Her maiden name was Caroline Amy Hoag, and she was the daughter of the late Ezra D. and Sally A. Hoag, having been born in the town of Edinboro, December 14, 1851. She resided with her parents in Garrattsville until her marriage to Mr. Kniskern on October 11, 1891, since which date she has resided here.

Mrs. Kniskern was converted in early life and has always remained an earnest Christian woman and a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal church throughout her entire life. She was always devoted to the welfare of the home and of the family and ever kind and thoughtful for others about her. Surviving here are the husband, one son, Elmer D. Kniskern, residing at home, and one sister, Mrs. George N. Bowditch, of South Side.

Samuel Calkins.

Samuel Calkins, for 12 years a resident of this city, died at 6 p. m., yesterday at his home, 22 Grove street. He had been in poor health for some time, and three weeks ago underwent a serious surgical operation at the Fox Memorial hospital. He was about 43 years of age and is survived by his wife and one child. Further notice with date of funeral will appear in The Star of Friday.

Mrs. George W. Barlow.

Schenectady, May 8.—(Special).—Mrs. George W. Barlow, for many years a resident of Portlandville, but more recently of Schenectady, died at her home in the latter village at 9:30 o'clock Tuesday evening. She is survived by her husband, one son, Edwin E. Barlow, of Binghamton; and by two daughters, Miss Katherine Barlow of Cooperstown and Mrs. H. H. Osborn, of Oneonta; also by one grandson, Frank C. Barlow of the 22d Infantry, U. S. A., at Fort Niagara, and two granddaughters, Katherine Osborn, of Oneonta, and Marion Barlow, of Elmira, and by one sister, Mrs. C. J. Bennett, of Oneonta.

The funeral services will be held at the home in Schenectady at 2 p. m. on Saturday and burial will be in the Schenectady cemetery.

Mrs. Barlow was a most worthy and highly respected woman, by whose death the family will be greatly bereaved. To them in their hour of sorrow the sympathy of many friends will be extended.

Funeral of James A. Jones.

Funeral services for the late James A. Jones, for many years a well-known locomotive engineer for the Delaware & Hudson company, were held at 3 p. m. yesterday at the home of his son, A. Guy Jones, 22 Maple street. There was a large attendance of relatives and friends and of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of which he was one of the oldest members, and Protected Home circle, attended the funeral in a body.

The funeral services which were conducted by Rev. Dr. Charles S. Pendleton of the First Baptist church, of which the deceased was long a member, consisted of appropriate scripture selections, prayer and brief remarks fitting to the occasion and to the memory of one who for many years had been a warm personal friend. Following the well-deserved eulogy, the body was taken to Riverside cemetery for interment in the family plot. The bearers were Engineers A. E. Hocking, J. E. Owens, George Westcott, Charles E. Morrison, John Canning and W. Utter, all formerly associated with him on the D. & H.

There were many floral tributes, among them beautiful pieces from the B. of L. E., the P. H. C., the Oneonta Masonic lodge, the D. & H. shop employees and the city band.

Among those present from out of the city were Mr. and Mrs. Willard A. Jones of Somerville, Mass., Mrs. Elizabeth Owens and Charles Roberts of Schenectady.

Funeral of Mrs. Catherine Carroll.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Catherine Carroll were held at the home of her son, Arthur W. Carroll, 9 Fonda avenue, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Dr. E. J. Farley, pastor of the First Baptist church, of which Mrs. Carroll was a life-long member, officiated. Rev. Burd of the West End Baptist church offered prayer. There was a good attendance of friends and neighbors. Among the many floral tributes was a large piece from the D. & H. trucking crew.

After the services at the house, the body was taken to the Plains cemetery for burial. The bearers were Emory Hoag, Edward Hoag, Delbert Felt and Irving Harris. Those present from out of town were Mrs. H. Keyes and daughter, Mrs. W. C. Keyes of Aurora, Ill.; John Jean and Thomas Jeffers of Worcester; and Ernest Carroll of Walton.

Card of Thanks.

We express our sincere and most heartfelt thanks and appreciation to all our friends for the beautiful flowers at the funeral of our mother Mrs. George H. Keyes.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Carroll.

Wanted—A man to work in store and deliver goods. Inquire of H. J. Cross, 37 River street. Phone 91. advert.

R. C. MAKES 17,414 DRESSINGS

Monthly Report Made Public Last Night Shows Great Amount of Work Being Done in This City—Women Asked to Knit Socks Instead of Sweater.

Among a great quantity of articles turned out by the local chapter of the Red Cross last month and mentioned in a statement made public last night, were 17,414 surgical dressings. These were made in the local work room and indicate the size of the special government order received during that time.

Other articles completed were 2,165 muslin bandages; 47 sweaters, 444 pairs of socks, 240 pairs of wristlets, 63 mittens, and 25 h. line.

In the same period the following were given out to drafted men on their way to camp: 25 sweaters; 14 pairs of socks; three pairs of wristlets, and two mufflers.

Coincident with a new shipment of sock yarn received here, a report of the woman's bureau in Washington is made public regarding the making of socks, which says:

"The demand for wool socks at the present time is still very great, and will continue to increase in proportion to the increase in the number of men enlisted in the federal service."

"For all parts of the country, as well as from overseas, comes the request for socks, and more socks. The life of a sock is short and since a pair of warm, woolen socks is the best preventative of 'trench feet' one cannot make too many of them."

"Just now there is little if any demand for sweaters and none for helmets and mufflers, but the sock will always be needed and in such quantities. It is said, as to stagger the imagination."

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our heartfelt thanks to all the friends who assisted us in our sad bereavement in the death of our father; also to the organizations and friends who sent flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lee Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Guy Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Carlton Roy Jones.

Try your favorite recipe without eggs!

Try Māzo

Free sample and cook book at your Grocer's.

Merton E. Moffatt

has bought out Arthur Coy's TAXI SERVICE

14 Dietz Street Phone 548-J

Night and Day Service

City or country trips. Prices right. Fifty cents to any part of the city. Clean cars, careful drivers, prompt service.

C. C. Colburn & Son

Stein-Block Smart Clothes

PAINT YOUR HOUSE WITH

Masury's Railroad Paint

Has been sold from this store for 45 years. Will wear as long, spread as far and look as good as any paint sold. Costs when mixed ready for use \$2.70 per gallon. Sold only at

HUTSON'S DRUG STORE

Albert Hutson, Inc., Successor to Dr. M. L. Ford, 196 Main St.

REMEMBER

Where to Find the Most Complete Line of Gloves in Oneonta

Not just a few styles, but Gloves of all kinds, for all purposes and for every member of the family.

For ladies we have Chamoisette Washable Gloves, Silk Gloves, French Kid, Washable Cape Gloves and Auto Gloves.

For men we have Dress and Street Gloves of all kinds. Work Gloves of all descriptions, Auto Gloves, long and short cuffs.

Children's Gloves in both Kid and Silk to fit all ages.

LYON'S FACTORY GLOVE STORE

Opp. Postoffice 277 Main, Street Oneonta, N. Y. Opp. Postoffice

500 Skilled and 5,000 Unskilled Men

We are offering steady employment to men between the ages of 18 and 45 on Government work and regular commercial lines. Our factory operates six days per week on three eight-hour shifts. While learning operations we pay you \$30 per hour plus 10 per cent bonus on all wages for steady attendance computed in weekly periods. After learning the work, which takes from one to six weeks, you are able to earn from \$2 to \$6 per day and better.

Mechanists, pipefitters, electricians, pattern makers, sheet metal workers and carpenters. Highest wages in this section of the country. Government work. No labor troubles. Eight hours and 10 per cent bonus for steady attendance.

We refund railroad fare of \$10.00 and less in 30 days and \$20 and less in 60 days. We have a Housing Department which will assist you in securing houses and rooms at lowest rates.

We also need a large number of girls, ages 21 to 35, for steady, profitable factory employment.

Applicants must pass a satisfactory physical examination. Apply in person, or communicate with Factory Employment Office.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO.

**Home of
Community
Silver
Tableware**

**At Your Service
For Fifty Years**

EUGENE LEIGH WARD
JEWELER Oneonta

**Kaynee
Wash Suits**

tell their own story. The variety of styles—the careful making—the accuracy with which they fit—and the moderate price at which they may be sold are all in their favor. Every garment bearing the Kaynee label is strictly and unqualifiedly fast color, guaranteed tub, sun, perspiration proof.

C. C. Colburn & Son
Stein-Block Smart Clothes

A Good Assortment of Tailored Suits FOR WOMEN \$16 to \$40.00

They are made of wools purchased before prices ascended to their present level; hence these low prices for stylish Suits of dependable materials and workmanship. \$16.50, \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50 to \$40.00.

NEW GLOVES

Now ready are the new spring and summer styles of two-clasp plain and novelty silk and Chamoisette Gloves. We are also headquarters for Kayser Silk Gloves. 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 a pair.

Women's Stockings

Fibre Silk Stockings have the appearance of Thread Silk and wear better. They are popular to use with low shoes and slippers. We have them in black, white, gray and bronze at 75c.

Philippine Lingerie

The Philippine women are very expert with the needle. This is particularly so in fine Lingerie. We have some beautiful specimens in Gowns, Envelopes and Corset Covers at \$1.98, \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$2.98.

M. E. Wilder & Son

MILK CHOCOLATE MARSHMALLOW NUT CAKE

Something New. Try It. At

Laskaris

Wall Paper Reflects Your Personality

New Wall Paper is a tonic. The small cost of papering pays for itself many times over by the pleasant atmosphere it creates.

Come in and see our new spring styles. It's a good time to buy, too, because Wall Paper is going to cost more.

GEORGE REYNOLDS & SON
WALL PAPERS

"Clean Up and Paint Up"

YES and FIX Up, Too

now while the springtime Spirit makes it easy to put everything in "apple pie" order.

Look around and see where a bit of carpenter work will not only make things look better, but will add years to their wear. You'll want to paint things and make them last longer. Then it's time to work in the garden; and of course there's the house cleaning.

We have everything for cleaning up, painting up, fixing up and for gardening.

Baker Brothers

WHERE YOUR FRIENDS TRADE

WE MUST SAVE TO WIN THE WAR

Secretary McAdoo Sounds Note of Warning.

'BUSINESS AS USUAL' WRONG

Continues Wasteful Spending Cannot Continue Without Vital Consequences—Of Utmost Importance Nation Economize—Radical Adjustment Is Imperative—War Savings Stamps and Liberty Bonds Help.

By WILLIAM G. McADOO, Secretary of the Treasury.

Economy in the consumption of all the things needed by the nation for the winning of the war—the releasing of labor and materials from the pursuits of peace to the business of war—these fundamental necessities of our war program must be understood by all our people if we are to put our whole strength behind our men in France.

We must work and save as never before in our history. We must increase our output and reduce our domestic consumption of all necessary products, in order that there may be a great increasing volume of war materials going forward to our armies and the allies who are fighting side by side with us. As the people reduce their personal consumption they will be enabled to finance the war by lending their savings to the government, while at the same time they help themselves by increasing their personal resources and income.

The economic readjustments necessitated by the transformation of an unarmored and peaceful nation into a formidable armed combatant have caused unavoidable losses and hardships. Such things can no more be avoided in time of war than sacrifices of blood if the rights of the nation are to be vindicated and made safe for the future and a just peace is to be secured for the world.

Call to Supreme Effort. We must face these trials with philosophy, resolution and calmness. We must see in them not alone the inspiration but the call to supreme effort. When these readjustments have been completed it will be found that all the brains and energy of the nation which have been released from occupations non-essential to the war will be required in enterprises and activities which are essential to the war, and that the welfare and prosperity of the country as a whole will not be impaired.

"Business as usual" cannot of course be adopted as the guiding principle in time of war. It is a wholly wrong theory and should find no advocacy or acceptance by the sensible and patriotic people of America. Business must be readjusted to the war-making function of the nation.

What is of superlative importance in the readjustment that must take place is that our people must be impressed with the necessity of economizing the consumption of articles of clothing, food and fuel and of every other thing which constitutes a drain upon the available supplies, materials and resources of the country.

The waste of anything now is nothing short of criminal. So far as I have been able to observe the American people are not sufficiently aroused to the necessity of economy and of saving in this really serious time not only in the life of America but of the nations of the world.

Up to the present there has been a relatively small denial of pleasures, comforts and conveniences on the part of the average citizen. He is drawing upon the general store supplies in the country with almost the same freedom as before America went into the war. This cannot continue without a serious hurt to the nation and to the world.

The great financial operations of the government cannot be carried forward successfully unless the people of the United States economize in every possible direction, save their money and lend it to the government.

Aid Own Prosperity. They are at the same time increasing their own material prosperity in their savings and they are directly helping their government by lending it the money with which it can buy the necessary supplies and command the necessary services to make our fighting forces stronger and more effective in the field, and this means in early victory for American arms.

The great difficulty is to impress this lesson of economy upon the American people. It will require widespread propaganda and constant effort. With this in view it was my privilege to suggest to the congress the raising of \$2,000,000,000 by the sale of War Savings Stamps and Thrift stamps, so that the American people would have the opportunity as well as the direct encouragement to economize and save money by putting within their reach the opportunity of lending their savings in such small amounts even as 25 cents to their own government.

These stamps are not issued by the government as an investment for the rich. They are intended for people of small means primarily. They are intended to bring within the reach of every one in the United States the opportunity of investing in the obligations of the United States government upon terms unusually advantageous to the investor and to encourage every one to save his money and lend it to the government.

The plan offers the most direct incentive to economize and save ever offered to the people of the country. When the government makes it possible for every one to know that by saving 25 cents, which otherwise would have been wasted, he can in fact that 25 cents in a government obligation, it is a definite objective to

which each one's economy may be directed.

Will Benefit Whole Nation.

I look upon the war savings campaign which the department has now inaugurated as promising the most wholesome benefits to the American people and producing fundamental conditions that will be of immense help in financing as well as in successfully prosecuting the war.

Interlocked with the question of "small savings" which can be invested in War Savings stamps at interest is the question of "large savings" which can be invested in Liberty bonds at interest. The men and women of large and moderate means owe a greater duty, because they have a large margin of income, to cut off self-indulgences, to deny themselves luxuries and needless expenses, to make sacrifices that will effect genuine economies and set an example to the nation.

Every dollar saved represents actual supplies saved and made available for heroic soldiers and suffering civilians in Europe and America.

It is easy to visualize the course of a dollar saved from waste and invested in government bonds: First it goes to the government as a loan for the war; second, it is expended by the government for food, clothing and ammunition, which go directly to a gallant soldier or sailor whose fighting strength is kept up by the food, whose body is kept warm by the clothing, and whose enemy is hit by the ammunition.

It has not been expended in the purchase of needless food and clothing for the man at home, and is therefore released for the use of the soldier; it is saved wealth to the man at home, and can be loaned to his government at interest, with resulting benefit to himself and to his government.

Must Uphold Credit to U. S.

We must realize that the government's credit is vital to the success of the war; that it underlies every activity. It is a sacred duty of every citizen, and it should be regarded as a glorious privilege by every patriot to uphold the government's credit with the same kind of self-sacrifice and nobility of soul that our gallant sons exhibit when they die for us on the battlefields of Europe. It is as imperative to sustain the government's credit as it is to sustain our armies, because our armies cannot be sustained unless the government's credit is always above reproach.

The courage and resources of the nation are so abundant that America's success in the war is beyond question if they are properly organized and intelligently used. The economic and financial condition of the country was never so strong and America's spirit was never more aroused to the importance and necessity of going forward, resolutely and regardless of sacrifice, to the accomplishment of the great task to which God has called us.

HERE'S A MAN'S MAN.

"As long as men go to the front at the risk of being shot," writes Lloyd H. Nelson, a New Jersey farmer, in a letter to the United States Food Administration, "it is clearly my duty to risk all I possess. It is my duty to take a full risk in planting as many extra acres as my means will permit. This I am doing in 1918."

"Having leased two extra farms, I propose making this year the supreme effort of my life. If I make a good profit it will be fully earned. If I but make expenses and produce four times as much food as last year it will be my opportunity to give sacrifice—to give courage to help win. I am planning to farm to the extreme limit."

Aircraft Standardized.

It is less than a score of years since the first heavier-than-air machine successfully carried a passenger into the air. It is less than 15 years since the art of controlling such a craft was imparted by the inventor to another, yet today aircraft have been standardized and factories turn them out with the ease that motorcar builders produce their product.

New Vapor Way of Treating All Cold Troubles

North Carolina Druggist Invents a Salve That Is Vaporized By the Body Heat

NOTHING TO SWALLOW YOU JUST RUB IT ON

Particularly Valuable to Mothers With Small Children. Local Druggists Are Offering 25c Jars on 30 Days' Trial

Cold and cough are the most common ailments of the young child. They are caused by the action of cold germs on the mucous membranes of the nose and throat. The result is inflammation and swelling, which obstructs the passage of air and causes difficulty in breathing. The child is then liable to pneumonia, which is a very serious disease. The Vapor Way Salve is a powerful remedy for these ailments. It is applied to the chest and throat, and its vapor is inhaled by the child. This relieves the inflammation and swelling, and restores the normal condition of the mucous membranes. The salve is also effective in the treatment of whooping cough, croup, and other respiratory ailments. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all cold troubles in children. Local druggists are offering 25c jars on a 30-day trial. Mothers are urged to try it at once, as it is particularly valuable to them. No advance in price. 25c per jar.

Our Potato Column

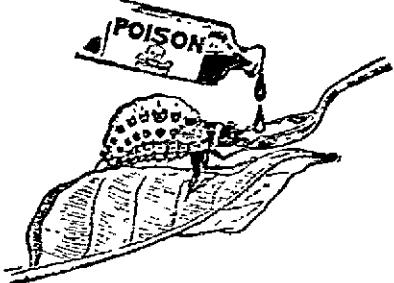
Article No. 2.

THE RULE OF THE THREE W'S.

Having to Do With the Killing of the Potato Pest.

When is a bug not a bug? The answer is that a bug is not a bug when it has no stink, and no one ever found a stink on a potato 'bug.' Scientists tell us that the true bugs are sucking insects, but that the beetles eat with their jaws, the same as ordinary folks, and hence are leaf chewers. We non-scientists will therefore have to admit that the potato 'bug' is really not a bug but a beetle, and that he will have to be treated as such.

The Way of Spraying. These beetles, the 'bugs' of our younger days, are killed by stomach



Feed Them Poison for the First Meal.

poisons—as arsenic in some one of its many forms. This is the "What" of spraying to kill the Colorado beetle.

The "When" early enough so that the newly hatched slugs will get poison for their first meal. This "gets" the slug before it has had time to do much damage, and also takes less poison than later. The same poison will, of course, kill grown-ups, but it takes longer and the old hard shells are eating all the time they are dying—and they die slowly.

The potato bug were the only pest of the potato it would be a comparatively simple proposition, but as it happens it is only the forerunner of many others. The flea beetle starts in its work shortly after the bug commences, and in its trail comes the early blight.

Many a promising field of potatoes is ruined then and there. Later on comes hip-burn, which does more damage than most potato farmers imagine, and then the late blight and rot. All told, there are troubles enough of one kind or another to sink a ship, with



The Old Shellbacks Eat All the Time They Are Dying, and They Die Slowly.

Some to spare at that. Most of these troubles, however, can be combated at the same time the first fight is made on the potato beetle. The "How" is to use the spray which contains the poison, and also something which kills the blights.

The Where of Spraying. It is on the leaves, of course—above, below, on the sides, in the front and behind, all over—and it must be a spray, not a sprinkle. It must be a fine mist with plenty of pressure behind it to make it cover every part of the leaf.

A QUESTION OF HUMAN LABOR.

In 1916 three states produced in the neighborhood of 20,000,000 bushels of potatoes each, viz: New York, Pennsylvania and Maine.

New York state cultivated 320,000 acres of potatoes in producing its quota, and ended up with an acre average of about 70 bushels. Pennsylvania confined itself to 272,000 acres, and produced just about the same acre yield, so that its total production was some 3,000,000 bushels less than that of New York state. The state of Maine, on less than half the acreage of either New York or Pennsylvania—in round numbers 125,000 acres—produced an average yield of 200 bushels, so that the total production was greater than either of the other larger and more populous states.

FEEDING THE POTATO CROP.

Potatoes are enormous feeders. They have to be made leaves enough so that they may manufacture very large quantities of starch—and in growing these leaves they use great quantities of plant food.

Manure, if used, should be plowed under. Ordinarily, however, the manure can be used on corn to better advantage. Fertilizer may be either applied at time of planting or spread broadcast before planting.

When the vines are from five to six inches high, it is customary to apply a second application of fertilizer, spreading it alongside the row and working it in with the cultivator. Potato growers find that this method wins them a large crop of extra fine potatoes.

Clever Youngster.

A little fellow whose father is connected with a railroad has picked up many railroad phrases. One day while waiting with his mother in a large station the youngster rode about on his little cart. Suddenly a man blocked the little rider's way. The latter, instantly shouting "Low bridge," passed safely between the man's legs.

FAVORITE STOGIE IS DOOMED

Long, Slim Smoke, Popular With Many Men, Soon Will Be No More, According to Tobacco Dealer.

A Cleveland tobacco dealer is authority for the statement that stogies soon will be no more. The war has knocked the stuffing out of them, or rather, it has taken the stogies' stuffing away to fill cigars of more aristocratic shape. Profit is all but gone. Prices climb, but so also do the objections increase against paying the higher rate. Taken altogether, the chances for the stogie are as slim as itself, says the Toledo Blade.

As virtually all Cubans can roll cigars so was it once possible for many Americans besides professional cigarmakers to manufacture their own smokes. Hospitable folk of the rural districts thought it the fine thing to offer their guests cigars which had been made in the house. The stogie was the last of its kind which could be said to have an unprofessional origin, many thousands being rolled by women at their homes in periods of the day when household duties were light. If now the stogie is to disappear, cigarmaking in this country will cease to have even the slightest of the amateur touch.

This vanishing is to be regretted, not simply because the stogie was a cheap smoke, but also because it was picturesque. It fitted a certain type of American face. It went with long chins, long legs, bodies without superfluous flesh. The man whose pockets were stuffed with stogies seemed to be armed against loneliness and the power of anyone to "turn him down." Smokers of timid spirit never affected stogies.

Progress.

"Tell me, in a few words, the plot of this play."

"Washtub, limousine, duke."

"That's a little too brief. I don't quite understand."

"Well, in other words, it's the story of a social climber."

And He Got It.

Suitor (courting sister)—I'll give you a dime if you'll run away and play.

Jimmy—Certainly not! If it's worth a dime to get rid of me it's worth a quarter to see what you're going to do.

Stop Lively! Corns Quit with "Gets-It"

The Great Corn-Remover of the Age. Never Fails. Painless.

Watch my step! What's the use? I go along right side by without care, even with corns, because I use "Gets-It," the painless, off-like-a-hair-nail corn-remover. I tried other ways before, until I was blue



Corns Simply Can't Stop Us. We Use "Gets-It" in the face and red in the toes. No more for me. Use "Gets-It." It never fails. Touch any corn or callus with two drops of "Gets-It," and "Gets-It" does the rest. It's a relief to be able to stop cutting corns, making them bleed, wrapping them up like packages and using sticky tape and salves. It removes any corn clear and clean, leaving the toe as smooth as your palm. You can wear those new shoes without pain, dance and be frisky on your feet. It's great to use "Gets-It." "Gets-It," the guaranteed money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store. Mfg. by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill. Sold in Oneonta and recommended as the world's greatest corn remedy by E. Seashard, H. B. Giltner, George S. State.

Of Course.

"There's one thing I'd like to know," said Mrs. Dubwaite.

"Well, my dear?" replied Mr. Dubwaite.

"Why is it that when you leave the house for your office in the morning you get there in about twenty minutes, but when you leave the office at night to come home it takes you anywhere from forty-five minutes to three hours to get here?"

"Why—er—that's easily explained. Toward the close of day obstacles accumulate."

Evidence.

Weary Bo—No matter what happens to Willie Downdown he always has the outward sign of spirit.

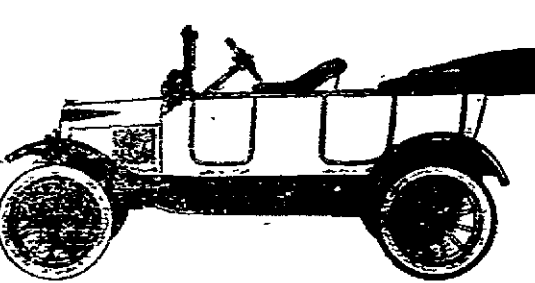
Dreary Dan—Yes; his nose shows it.

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Owners of Ford cars advised to beware of "Counterfeit parts." If your car needs adjustment bring it here where you will find reliable service with the complete mechanical equipment to give the highest quality of Ford service obtainable. All the Ford parts used are supplied by the Ford Motor Company. You can not expect your Ford car to give the service and endurance you demand unless you have it cared for by men experienced in Ford methods.

Touring cars \$150, Runabout \$435, Sedan \$695, Coupelet \$560, Town car \$645—All F. O. B. Detroit.

ONEONTA SALES CO. Market Street Oneonta, N. Y.



HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES IF YOUR BACK ACHES

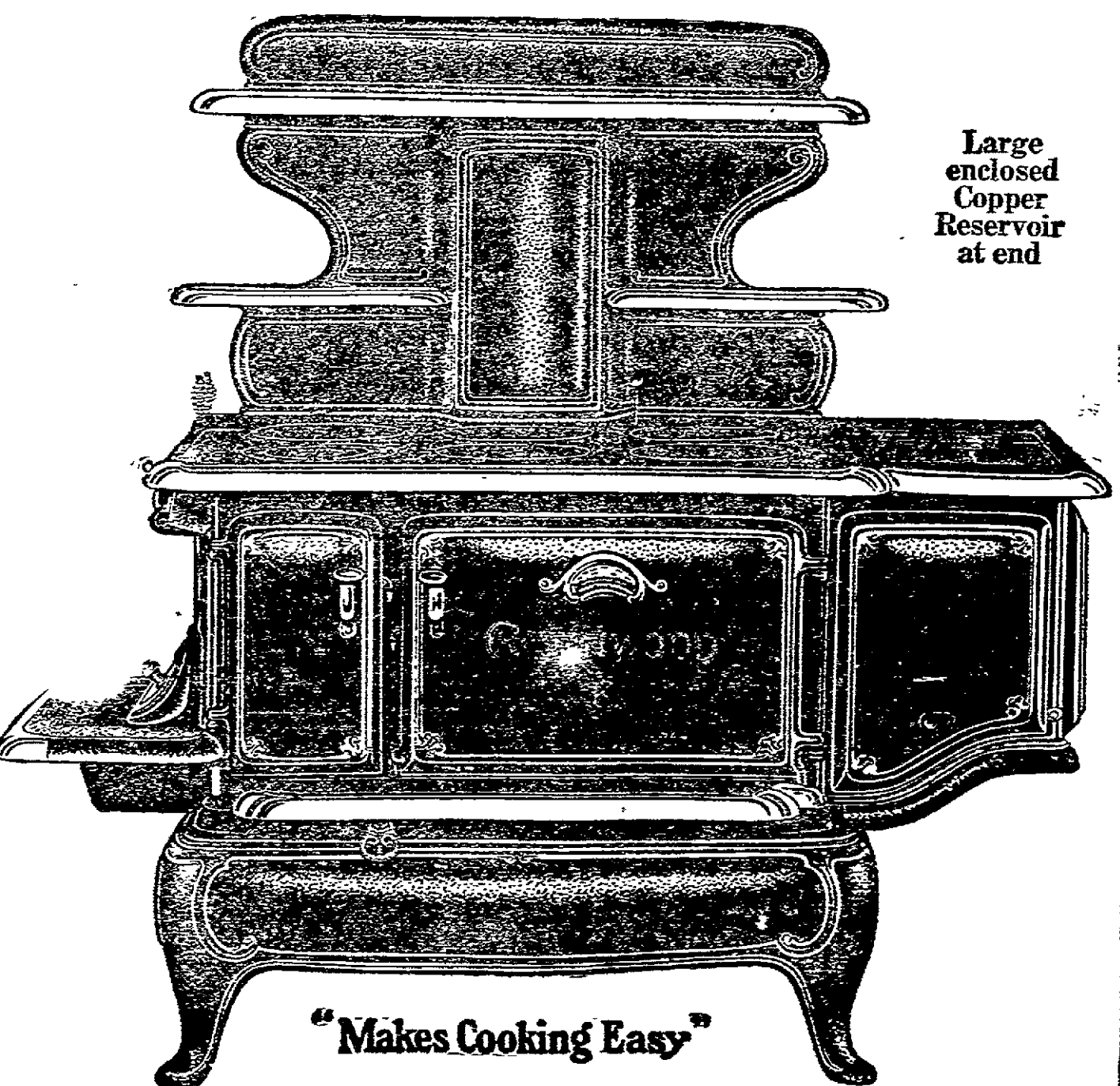
Do you feel tired and "worn-out"? Are you nervous and irritable? Don't sleep well at night? Have a "dragged out" un-rested feeling when you get up in the morning? Does your back ache? Headache in the morning, backache, pain or soreness in the loins, and abdomen? Several diseases when wind, blood, chills, uric acid or sediment? All these indicate gravel or stone in the bladder, or that the poisonous microbes, which are always in your system, have attacked your kidneys. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The oil soaks gently into the walls and lining of the kidneys and the little poisonous animal germs, which are causing the inflammation, are immediately attacked and chased out of your system without inconvenience or pain. Do not delay a minute. Go to your drug-gist and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In 24 hours you will feel renewed health and vigor. After you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two Capsules each day so as to keep in first-class condition, and ward off the danger of future attacks. Money refunded if they do not help you. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand, and thus be sure of getting the genuine.

Glenwood

Save Coal As Well As Wheat

The older the stove the more it wastes, not only in food and patience but in fuel. Saving a few pounds of coal each day means hundreds of pounds this winter, and saving fuel is just as important and commendable as saving flour.

A Modern Glenwood Range gives wonderful results with the smallest possible amount of fuel. Get one and start saving now.



Large enclosed Copper Reservoir at end

"Makes Cooking Easy"

Baker Brothers, Oneonta

WE CAN LICK 'EM' HIS LAST WORDS

West Pointer Dies Like Hero
Fighting Germany.

FIRST OF SCHOOL TO FALL

Story of the Captain's Death Told by
Four Members of His Company—
Shell Ends His Career as He Levels
Revolver at Oncoming Hun—
Germans Hold Advance Celebration the
Night Before the Attack.

"Steady, boys. Though they outnumber us ten to one, we can lick 'em," were the last words of the first West Pointer to die fighting Germany. The story of this captain's death was told to the United Press by four samples who were with him when he fell. These men are from Green "A", Wis.; West, N. D., and two from Chicago.

The captain left his dugout when the Germans started their raid on the American trenches early Friday morning. He ran through a fierce barrage until he got in the midst of his men on a strong point.

She "Ends His Career." As he spoke his last words, he leveled his revolver at the oncoming Boches. A shell burst near by. He fell dead without a sound.

This captain led a fighting company. Many of its men bear familiar Irish names. The boy from Minot, N. D., told of the Americans' first encounter with the enemy in a stand-up battle. He spoke in an Irish brogue so thick it could be cut with a knife.

"It was a merry scrap and well worth having," said he. "We had been expecting it and had a party waiting for Fritz. His barrage was pretty rough. It russed things up considerable. But it was not for our captain to lose his head. He was as cool as if going on leave. For a time our platoon was nearly surrounded. It was hot work. The Dutch were behind us and in front of us.

"But it was not for us to back up. We knew what our rifles were for, and we used them to beat off the Dutch. Our captain was a gallant officer and he died like a real fighting man."

Chicago Man's Experience. The Green Bay lad was beside the

captain when he fell and told of his last order. Then the Chicago men chimed in, relating why they thought the raid was coming.

"There was apparently an advance celebration in the German trenches the night before the attack," said one. "We could hear the band playing back of the German lines and they were noisy all night long. Our patrol heard the Boches shout 'Come on over, Americans!' and then, 'we're coming over, Americans!'"

"We had no orders to go over, but there was a hot reception awaiting the Germans on our side."

The men, tired and dirty after their trick in the trenches, topped by the stiffest fight to date, remained very cheerful. They are ready for another whiff at the enemy. They sat in a circle in their rest bilboes on a dry spot protruding from a sea of mud and ankle-deep water, stowing away slum, bread and coffee.

The Right Place. He—Miss Prim won't tell whether she is engaged or not. She intimates that both Bob and Harry have proposed to her, but that at present she can't make up her mind about their respective merits and so is on the fence.

She—The cat!

Slightly. "Had that musical play a mixed chorus?"

"I should say! Half of it didn't know what the other half was singing about."

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply directly upon the corn a few drops of frezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

It is claimed that at small cost one can get a quarter of an ounce of frezone at any drug store, which is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and while sticky, dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue.

This announcement will interest many women here, for it is said that the present high-heeled footwear is putting corns on practically every woman's foot.

14-YEAR-OLD VETERAN BACK FROM TRENCHES



Sydney Jaffo, a New York boy, aged fourteen, has returned home from France after serving five months there in the British trenches. He enlisted at a British recruiting office in New York last June, giving his age as eighteen and being unusually large for his age. He celebrated his fourteenth birthday in the trenches at Ypres. After five months in the British army his mother succeeded in securing his release and he was returned home. The boy went "over the top" several times during his experience at Ypres and spent two months in a hospital suffering from a shrapnel wound received there.

Old Treasures. Visitor—You must have saved old things for years to make that large rag bag.

Elderly Friend—Dear me, yes. Why, there's my confirmation frock, and there's my going-away dress, and there's my mauve poplin of the Paris exhibition. They're all some wear in them yet!"—London Opinion.

The Tokio, Japan, stock exchange has made the unit of trading one share, to stimulate speculation.

CHANGED BY WEEK OF TRENCH LIFE

Boys From United States Rapidly
Turned Into Men.

ACQUIRE AIR OF VETERANS

American Troops Seemed Very Young
the Day Before They Went to Battle
Line—Say Food "Is Good Enough"
and They Usually Get It on Time—
French Airmen Always on Guard for
Enemy.

All day yesterday we watched the American soldiers who were to go to the front that night wandering about the streets of the little village from which the start was to be made. Other soldiers were there, mostly men of the French line, and Moroccans and Algerians, writes Herbert Corey in the Chicago News.

"What is the difference between the American and the French soldiers?" we asked each other. By and by the answer came.

"They look so young."

Yet they were not unduly young. Take the Americans one by one and they were seen to be stout, physically matured, decidedly intelligent young men. Their faces were full of character and decision. It is doubtful if they are younger collectively by a day than the men of a company of Moroccan shock troops who have been watching them with interest. Some of these latter are mere kids. One had not yet raised a beard.

The explanation came to us eventually. The French troops were veterans. Even though they may be no older they have matured in war. It often happens that the veteran is a mere child in the affairs of civil life. These French may not be the equals in prompt decision and resolution and forethought of the Americans in matters that have not to do with war. But in fighting they are centuries older.

Boysish Illusion Persists. A few hours later we saw the American troops marching out to take their places in the trenches. That illusion of boyishness persisted. Even their gait seemed to be that of boys, although they wore a soldier's full accoutrement and carried a 60-pound pack. Yet we know that a week in the trenches—granted that they are called on to do real fighting—will transform them from amateurs of war into nerve-tanned veterans. More time will be needed to teach them the tricks of their new trade, but in a single week they will have altered their personalities to meet the new demands.

The village was one of the thousands of tiny towns which are scattered along the French front. Shells had fallen in it from time to time, and roofs here and there were crushed in, and holes dug-in the roadway. Something had happened to the church. I do not now remember what it was, and yet my memory preserves a distinct impression that the church was not as it should be. It seemed disheveled and ragged. Now and then German aviators flew over it, to see what was going on. The French flyers always challenged them.

The few inhabitants of the village hardly looked up to watch the air fights. They were old stories to them. The Americans wandered about, curiously, trying their scanty fragments of French on the people and accustoming themselves to the village life so near the front. Their billets have been at a greater distance from the line for the most part. The Germans are but seven miles away here. The front line of trenches into which they will move tonight are in places only five miles away.

French Airmen Always Guard. At the outskirts of the town a group of Americans are gathered. Half of them, perhaps, carry the cheap double field glasses which are on sale everywhere. They put in hours searching the details of the horizon where the German is hiding.

Every half hour or so a Boche flyer tries to get over the town. Perhaps he wants to bomb the village. What is more likely is that the Germans are merely putting over the daily reconnaissance. They may suspect that something is going on and are trying to confirm the impression. Each time a French flyer materializes in some mysterious fashion. One never sees where they come from. One is watching the German, and suddenly one sees him veer toward the safety of his own lines. A vicious looking Spad is on his heels.

Toward the latter part of the afternoon smoke begins to pour from the short chimneys of the rolling kitchen. Coffee is being cooked—real American coffee—"doped" with condensed milk and plentifully sweetened. The men gather with their aluminum cups and plates, and beans are ladled out to them. An enormous sandwich of white bread and corned beef, from cars is handed to each. Even a soldier's appetite is satisfied. But they have been at the job long enough to learn how to kick.

"I'm off beans for the rest of my life," one boy announces. "I dream about 'em now."

Not many comments on the food, however. They say briefly that it "is good enough" and that they usually eat it on time. Now and then something goes wrong, but they take that as an incident of war. They have little to say of what is to come.

Time to Concentrate. "Why, I fell in love with first one girl and then another before I got married," said the susceptible young man. "I scattered my affections all over the map."

"That is all right, son," replied the elderly philosopher. "Nobody will object to what you did then, just so you broke yourself of the scattering habit on your wedding day."

Slips of Language. "Fanny, isn't it?" "What's funny?" "Jags and I met Snazzy yesterday wheeling the baby carriage and Jags said he was a man with no push about him."



United States Tires are Good Tires

The Real Meaning of Tire-buying Economy

Your car must give greater service this year than ever before.

You need it more.

It speeds up your work—increases your working power.

The highest car economy lies in utmost service.

The most economical tires are those which will give you greatest use of your car.

That's just what United States Tires will do for you.

You can depend on them for continuous service,

—most mileage at lowest mileage cost.

Buy your tires on the sound business basis demanded by war times.

Equip with United States Tires.

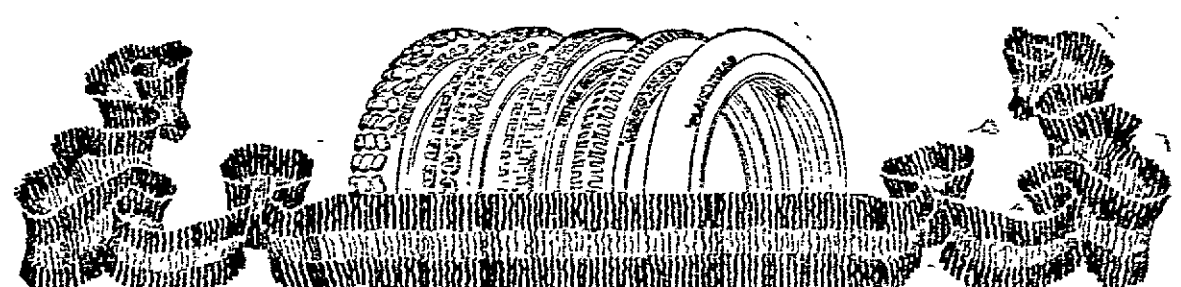
There are five United States treads. One will exactly fit your particular conditions of motoring.

Our nearest Sales and Service Depot dealer will be glad to assist you in selection.

Ask his advice.

'Nobby' 'Chain' 'Royal Cord' 'Usco' 'Plain'

United States Tubes
and Tire Accessories
Have All the Sterling Worth
and Wear that Make United
States Tires Supreme.



RAILROAD MAN IS ARTISTIC

Towerman at Pomona, Cal., Not Satisfied to Have His Place Regarded as Eyesore.

The towerman of the Southern Pacific railroad at Pomona, Cal., is an exception to most men in his line of business. He is not satisfied to have his tower looked upon by the villagers and traveling public as an eyesore, says a writer in Boy's World. Consequently he planted vines around it and trained them into designs, so as to conceal the unsightly outlines of his "nest." He trained some of the vines to grow into the shape of the letters "S" and "P," the initials of the road for which he works. He also made a neat border around his yard with whitewashed stones, and planted a variety of flowers, and even vegetables. In the yard he built a day house to add variety to the landscape. He raises enough vegetables in this unique garden for the use of his family.

Superb Strategy. "Have you any geniuses in this town?" "I don't recall but one just now." "Poet, painter or musician?" "No. He's a chap who contrives to stay illuminated week in and week out, despite the fact that this town is dry."

Slips of Language. "Fanny, isn't it?" "What's funny?" "Jags and I met Snazzy yesterday wheeling the baby carriage and Jags said he was a man with no push about him."

Both Ends (Producer and Consumer) Against The Middle (The Packer)

The consumer wants to pay a low price for meat. The farmer wants to get a high price for cattle. The packer stands between these conflicting demands, and finds it impossible to completely satisfy both.

The packer has no control over the prices of live stock or meat, and the most that can be expected of him is that he keep the difference between the two as low as possible. He does this successfully by converting animals into meat and distributing the meat at a minimum of expense, and at a profit too small to be noticeable in the farmer's returns for live stock or in the meat bill of the consumer.

Swift & Company's 1917 transactions in Cattle were as follows:

	Average Per Head
Sold meat to Retailer for	\$68.97
Sold By-products for	24.09
Total Receipts	\$93.06
Paid to Cattle Raiser	84.45
Balance (not paid to Cattle Raiser)	\$ 8.61
Paid for labor and expenses at Packing House, Freight on Meat, and Cost of operating Branch distributing houses	7.32
Remaining in Packers' hands as returns on investment	\$ 1.29

The net profit was \$1.29 per head, or about one-fourth of a cent per pound of beef.

By what other method can the difference between cattle prices and beef prices be made smaller, and how can the conflicting demands of producer and consumer be better satisfied?



1918 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company,
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Local Branch, 54 Broad St., Oneonta, N. Y.

"TANG!"

Why Kovar has it

"Tang" means a distinctive taste—a delicious sensation that tickles the palate, and leaves a pleasant, satisfying after-taste. "Tang" is just what Kovar, the new beverage, has. There is nothing insipid about Kovar.

Made with Saazer hops Kovar is made with genuine Saazer hops—and you can taste them in the rich, drawn-from-the-wood flavor. Its only other ingredients are certified cereals and pure water.

Everywhere Kovar has been placed on the market, it has made an instant hit with men. It is what the drink-thirsty men have been waiting for—delicious, thirst-quenching and healthful. It is particularly good as a table beverage. Drinking it with your meals will aid your digestion. Kovar is enjoyable at any temperature; it



need not be ice-cold. It is the ideal all-year beverage.

Pied Bros., who make Kovar, guarantee its absolute purity.

This foaming, amber beverage is now on sale wherever soft drinks are sold. It is 10c a bottle in distinctive bottles. Try it today and taste the tang.

Made by
PIEL BROS., INC.
New York
Internationally famous for 25 years

KOVAR
J. O. & G. N. ROWE
Sole Wholesale Distributors for Otsego and Schoharie Cos.
New York
Oneonta, N. Y.

JUDD'S STORE



Sale of Tailored Suits. Prices reduced now. You can save on every suit \$10, \$12, \$15 and \$18. Many pretty new Coats \$15 and \$18.

Large assortment of Waldorf Gingham Dresses. These pretty Dresses are less than you can buy the Gingham by the yard. You save the cost and trouble of making. \$1.50 to \$7 is the range of prices.

Large line of Waists for \$1.00.

Sale of White Muslin Petticoats for \$1.00.

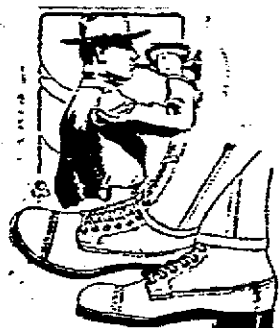
Special Hosiery sale today, 25c, 50c, 75c. Most every shade.

Millinery — New Goggles. Many pretty Hats \$5.00.

New R. & G. Corsets \$1.00 to \$2.50.

Hurd Boot Shop

The Call to Better Shoe Values and Lower Prices



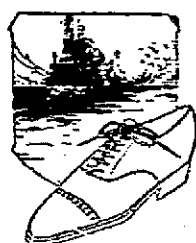
Men don't have to pay the top-notch price for their boots and oxfords to get well-wearing, smart styles. We have lowered prices and are depending upon volume selling instead of an extreme profit on every individual sale.

Every man knows what "volume production" means—let us demonstrate what it means to you in shoe bills.

Real comfort in Military Shoes—at home or abroad. U. S. Army Tan Shoes, best of materials \$6.50

Oxfords in Styles of the Moment.

Men's Tan Oxfords of fine Calf or Kid Leathers \$4.85 to \$6.85



Try a Classified "Ad" in The Star—They Produce Results

DEMAND FOR BLACK

Material Favored as Economy Rather Than for Mourning.

Many Disadvantages Cited in Dead Color, Particularly That It Does Not Match Well With Khaki.

There seem to be two opinions among merchants who deal in women's dresses, and women's wear in general, about the probable demand for black. Needless to say, war times always mean an additional demand for mourning, but after the experience of England and France it is hardly likely that we will overdo the matter of wearing mourning in this country as they did at the outbreak of the war. Already there has been very definite and telling agitation against this, and it is likely that if occasion for the assuming of mourning comes, it will be done, but likely by American women.

But aside from black as the color of mourning, the prediction has been made persistently in some quarters that there will be an enormous demand for black clothes as a matter of economy. Women may demand black, and they may wear it. But the question is still open as to whether they are doing wisely. Almost any woman who has ever worn black for mourning knows that it is not an economical color. In almost any fabric black requires constant brushing and constant trips to the tailor. No color looks shabby so soon as black. A black suit skirt seems to collect the dust more quickly than suits of other colors, and, of course, black blouses have the disadvantage of not usually being washable. The elaborate black evening gown cut with an extreme décolletage comes in for almost universal admiration, and even debutantes yearn to wear it.

In England the fact is commented on considerably that black does not go well with khaki, and it must have been noticed by everyone in this country that since the escort par excellence is the man in khaki, our pretty girls have been wearing colors of brighter hue than ever before.

So think twice before you have much black in your wardrobe, and think three or four times before you adopt it as a matter of economy.

Sleeveless Sweater.

The sleeveless sweater is a great success. Everybody who has knitted this type of sweater for the Red Cross, according to specifications, knows that in one guise it must fill a real want. And then there are the purely frivolous sleeveless sweaters of silk and wool, in gay colors, sometimes bordered around the neck and armholes and lower edge with a narrow band of angora. The sleeveless sweater is usually of the slip-over style, that is pulled on and off over the head.

POPULARITY OF FOULARD



Foulard is a popular material, but it is going to be more popular during the coming spring and summer months. This frock is made most simply, in line with war styles, but it has appeal and attraction for the buds. The apron or panel effect in front is unique. The dress is in red and white, while the front panel of white georgette has bead embroidery.

Everybody Cured.

"What became of Flubdub?" "Oh, he quit. His business ran out, years ago."

"What was his business?" "He used to peddle a cure for bashfulness."

The Advantages.

"Smith told me he had just installed a dumb waiter in his house." "That's a good idea. Now he can eat at table without having all his family affairs and quarrels repeated to the neighbors' servants."



A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hairdresser. Is not a dye. Grows hair back at all places, ready to use. Philo Ray Co., Newark, N. J.

SIXTY GOTHAS IN RAID ON PARIS

Passengers Arriving in United States Give Thrilling Accounts of Attack.

FAMOUS BUILDINGS WRECKED

Bombs Tore Up Streets During Two-Hour Siege in Inky Darkness—Death Toll 245—Drop Nine Tons of Explosives.

An Atlantic Port.—Thrilling eye-witness accounts of one of the tremendous German air raids on Paris, were brought by passengers arriving at this port on a French steamship recently. One of the passengers, in a position to know all the facts, declared that more than 200 men, women and children had been killed, that 60 fast Gothas had taken part in the raid and that over nine tons of explosive bombs had been dropped during a two-hour siege.

One American ambulance driver alone, according to a passenger, picked up 70 bodies during the night.

"The Germans picked out the darkest night in a long time to make their raid," said this informant, whose name cannot be divulged. "Their squadrons came over Vincennes, and headed for the heart of the city."

Fought in Dark.

"It was about midnight when the popping of the anti-aircraft guns woke me and gave the first alarm. I looked out, but nothing could be seen in the darkness, except the flash of the defending batteries, in every part of the city, and, occasionally, the sizzling trail of a bomb."

"French machines had risen to the attack at the first signal, but they were greatly handicapped by the darkness. The rattle of their machine guns could be plainly heard and there were several clashes, but for the most part the French fliers went winging blindly and at random through the dark."

"For two hours the city was pelted with bombs. Hospitals were hit and convalescent soldiers wounded. Famous public buildings—I am not allowed to tell their names, but they are known all over the world—were badly damaged, and some of the famous boulevards and public squares were torn up as by an earthquake."

"From information I gathered the toll of death was nearer 245 than 45, as the official statement says. An American ambulance driver, a friend, worked through the night with other members of the corps, scouring every part of Paris, for the whole city was under fire. He picked up 70 bodies, in addition to scores of wounded."

"The next morning I found that

United States Tires Are Good Tires

A large stock of tires to select from. We will surely have your size and kind. We handle all the popular makes, including United States, Ajax, Empire, Miller, Norwalk, Firestone, Blackstone, Goodrich, United States Cord, Goodrich Cord, Firestone Cord, Firestone Truck tires in solid and cushion.

We still handle Klipnickie tubes. Iron age and Planet junior garden tools.

Arthur M. Butts
Victrolas and Records 252-254 Main Street

A Specific Remedy for

Rheumatism

A Physician's Prescription in for 35 years, now put on the market as a proprietary medicine. It has Sciatia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Sore Throat or Mouth, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Muscular, Inflammatory or Articular Rheumatism, is blessed relief for you. No matter your case be one of long standing a recent attack, Saloca will prompt relief or money refunded. It is a trial and the results will convince you, more than all the talk in the world, that Rheumatism and dreadful aches and pains can be conquered.

CHICHESTER'S PILL

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold wrapper. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist, or from CHICHESTER DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, 600 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Livery taxi. Phone 996-J. adv

The Citizens' National Bank

ONEONTA

NEW YORK

We desire to report to the depositors and friends of this Bank that the individual subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan made through us numbered 1,119 and amounted to \$186,900.

This Hearty Cooperation by the People is a Magnificent Exhibition of Patriotism and we tender one and all our sincerest thanks.

Even more gratifying than the amount in dollars is the wide distribution of the Bonds among the People of this vicinity. The average of our subscriptions is one out of every ten of population and 167 in dollars; This is equivalent to a widespread enlistment of the People in the forces of the United States and is a sure sign of Coming Victory.

Charles Smith, Pres. Geo. B. Baird, Vice Pres. M. C. Hemstreet, Cashier